





MARKET SUMMARY

The equity markets continued to rally in June, but as we have written before, volatility is also on the rise. Last month, the SP 500 index fell more than 2% in 3 days, while the Russell 2000 index fell more than 5% during this period. Although both indices recovered their sell-offs, with the SP 500 even managing to reach a new all -time high by the end of the month, one can sense that investor confidence in the markets are waning. This is understandable after the US interest rate decision in June. Up until then, the US Federal Reserve has communicated that they believe inflation is transitory, and that they are sticking to their plan to raise interest rates in 2024-25. This has changed radically in June, when Fed President Jay Powell said that they now see inflation as not transitory, but they do not think it is persistent. As a result, 2- and 5-year bond yields started to rise, while long-term yields went lower. The equity markets were unsure for a couple of days how to interpret the Fed chairman's statements, but in the end the consensus was that inflation may be higher, the coming economic environment may not be as favorable for equities as it has been, but what will not change is that the Fed will do everything it can, to ensure that equity markets will not fall significantly. In Europe, the situation varies from country to country. Although the UK is one of the most vaccinated nation, they have extended the lock down over the past month because of spreading of the delta variant. Other countries are trying to open up their economies, the question is how widespread the new strain of the virus will spread and how much the death rate will increase. European macroeconomic data also shows a steadily improving trend, so politicians will face a difficult choice. If the new strain of the virus becomes too widespread, will they impose austerity again, or will they keep the easing for the sake of the economy. Hungary will continue on the path it has started since mid-May. The economy is opening up, with fewer restrictions for residents to endure. The problem is that the higher-than-expected rise in inflation. Last month the MNB has already indicated that if they see higher and persistent inflation, they will take countermeasures. In June, they made good on their promise by raising the base rate from 60 bp to 90 bp and the one-week depo rate from 75 bp to 90 bp. The forint strengthened back to 350 against the euro as a result. Az alap pozitív hozamot ért el júniusban miután az alap összes befektetése tudta növelni a hozamát. Ezek közül is a Maraton teljesítménye volt kiemelkedő, amit az Alfa szorosan követett.

INVESTMENT POLICY OF THE FUND

The aim of the fund is to create for its investors an investment portfolio that generates a positive yield under all circumstances; in other words, it takes a 'total return' approach. It does this by using various analysis techniques to select the asset classes and investment funds that have the greatest potential to appreciate in value, and by investing in the shares of investment funds and in collective investment securities.

The fund primarily invests its capital in the funds managed by Aegon Hungary Investment Fund Management, but it may also purchase other investment funds and collective investment securities for its portfolio for the purpose of diversification, if the given asset class is not yet covered by the fund management company's own funds.

Indirectly, the fund is capable of accessing the entire known investment universe of today through the purchase of investment fund shares (in bond markets, money markets, equity markets, property market, private equity, derivatives and other regulated and OTC derivative products, commodity-market products, currencies etc.), and of making its investments both at domestic and international level.

To ensure liquidity, the fund may hold discount treasury bills and government bonds issued by the State Debt Management Centre (ÁKK), interest-bearing securities guaranteed by the State of Hungary, and bonds issued by the National Bank of Hungary.

In order to achieve a positive yield, the fund makes active use of risk management procedures and carefully selects the position size of its riskier investments. Since the range of investments includes foreign currency-denominated investments, ETFs and investment fund shares, investors in the fund are also exposed to currency risk.

In accordance with our obligation under law, we draw the attention of all investors to the fact that the fund is a fund that invests in other investment funds; in order words, in accordance with its investment policy it may invest more than 80 percent of its assets in investment fund shares or securities issued by other collective investment instruments. However, the fund's portfolio will not contain shares of any single investment fund in a weight of over 20%, except AEGON Money Market Fund, AEGON Domestic Bond Fund, AEGON MoneyMaxx Express Fund, AEGON Alfa Derivative Fund, AEGON Central European Credit Fund and AEGON Ózon Capital Protected Fund.

2011

GENERAL INFORMATION

Fund Manager: AEGON Hungary Fund Manager Ltd.

Custodian: Unicredit Bank Hungary Zrt.

Main distributor: AEGON Hungary Fund Manager Ltd.

Benchmark composition: The fund has no benchmark

ISIN code: HU0000708169

Start: 09/15/2009

Currency: HUF

Net Asset Value of the whole Fund: 8,387,715,051 HUF

Net Asset Value of HUF series: 7,016,611,612 HUF

Net Asset Value per unit: 1.612204 HUF

DISTRIBUTORS

Aegon Magyarország Befektetési Alapkezelő Zrt., CIB Bank Zrt., CONCORDE Értékpapír Zrt., Equilor Befektetési Zrt, Erste Befektetési Zrt., KBC Securities Magyarországi Fióktelepe, OTP Bank Nyrt., Raiffeisen Bank Zrt., Sopron Bank Zrt., SPB Befektetési Zrt., Takarékbank Zrt, Unicredit Bank Hungary Zrt.

SUGGESTED MINIMUM INVESTMENT PERIOD

3 mths 6 mths 1 yr	2 yr	3 yr	4 yr	5 yr
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Interval	Yield of note	Benchmark yield
From start	4.13 %	0.00 %
2020	2.03 %	0.00 %
2019	5.77 %	0.00 %
2018	-4.64 %	0.00 %
2017	2.64 %	0.00 %
2016	2.76 %	0.00 %
2015	0.49 %	0.00 %
2014	5.10 %	0.00 %
2013	5.88 %	0.00 %
2012	16.82 %	0.00 %

NET YIELD PERFORMANCE OF THE SERIES



1 26 %

0.00%

Lower risk Higer risk

Aegon Smart Money Fund of Funds



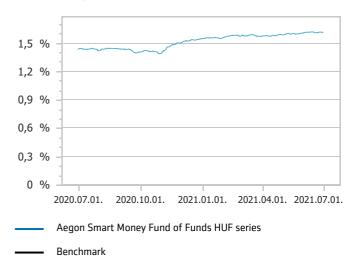
HUF series

MONTHLY report - 2021 JUNE (made on: 06/30/2021)

ASSET ALLOCATION OF THE FUND	
Asset	Weight
Collective securities	97.84 %
Current account	2.18 %
Liabilities	-0.24 %
Receivables	0.23 %
total	100,00 %
Derivative products	0.00 %
Net corrected leverage	100.00 %
Assets with over 10% weight	
Aegon Maraton Active Mixed Investment Fund	
Aegon Alfa Absolute Return Investment Fund	
Aegon MoneyMaxxTotal Return Investment Fund	
Aegon Panorama Derivative Investment Fund	

NET PERFORMANCE OF THE SERIES

net asset value per share, 07/01/2020 - 06/30/2021



RISK INDICATORS FOR THE LAST 12 MONTHS	
Annualized standard deviation of the fund's weekly yields	6.10 %
Annualized standard deviation of the benchmark's weekly yields	0.00 %
WAM (Weighted Average Maturity)	0.00 years
WAL (Weighted Average Life)	0.00 years

STRATEGIC DECISION			
ASSET ALLOCATION DECISION FOR MAY	ASSET ALLOCATION DECISION FOR JUNE		
Name of the Fund	Weight (%)	Name of the Fund	Weight (%)
Aegon Maraton Active Mixed Investment Fund	26.7%	Aegon Maraton Active Mixed Investment Fund	26.8%
Aegon MoneyMaxxTotal Return Investment Fund	26.2%	Aegon Alfa Absolute Return Investment Fund	26.1%
Aegon Alfa Absolute Return Investment Fund	26.1%	Aegon MoneyMaxxTotal Return Investment Fund	26.1%
Aegon Panorama Derivative Investment Fund	21.0%	Aegon Panorama Derivative Investment Fund	21.0%
Aegon Emerging Europe Bond Fund	0.0%	Aegon Emerging Europe Bond Fund	0.0%

Legal declaration