

#### MONTHLY report - 2021 JUNE (made on: 06/30/2021)

## MARKET SUMMARY

CZK series

The equity markets continued to rally in June, but as we have written before, volatility is also on the rise. Last month, the SP 500 index fell more than 2% in 3 days, while the Russell 2000 index fell more than 5% during this period. Although both indices recovered their sell-offs, with the SP 500 even managing to reach a new all -time high by the end of the month, one can sense that investor confidence in the markets are waning. This is understandable after the US interest rate decision in June. Up until then, the US Federal Reserve has communicated that they believe inflation is transitory, and that they are sticking to their plan to raise interest rates in 2024-25. This has changed radically in June, when Fed President Jay Powell said that they now see inflation as not transitory, but they do not think it is persistent. As a result, 2- and 5-year bond yields started to rise, while long-term yields went lower. The equity markets were unsure for a couple of days how to interpret the Fed chairman's statements, but in the end the consensus was that inflation may be higher, the coming economic environment may not be as favorable for equities as it has been, but what will not change is that the Fed will do everything it can, to ensure that equity markets will not fall significantly. In Europe, the situation varies from country to country. Although the UK is one of the most vaccinated nation, they have extended the lock down over the past month because of spreading of the delta variant. Other countries are trying to open up their economies, the question is how widespread the new strain of the virus will spread and how much the death rate will increase. European macroeconomic data also shows a steadily improving trend, so politicians will face a difficult choice. If the new strain of the virus becomes too widespread, will they impose austerity again, or will they keep the easing for the sake of the economy. Hungary will continue on the path it has started since mid-May. The economy is opening up, with fewer restrictions for residents to endure. The problem is that the higher-than-expected rise in inflation. Last month the MNB has already indicated that if they see higher and persistent inflation, they will take countermeasures. In June, they made good on their promise by raising the base rate from 60 bp to 90 bp and the one-week depo rate from 75 bp to 90 bp. The forint strengthened back to 350 against the euro as a result. The fund achieved a positive return in June and outperformed its benchmark index. The outperformance was mainly due to the banking sector allocation, with the Hungarian banking sector overweighed and the Polish underweight. The Fund remains overweight in Austria, Hungary and Poland, meanwhile the Czech and Romanian exposures underweight. Within the energy sector, the fund remains overweight in Austria and underweight in the Czech Republic. Overall, the fund is overweight relative to the benchmark index at 110% due to long-term positions.

#### INVESTMENT POLICY OF THE FUND

The objective of the fund is to invest in Central and Eastern European equities. The fund is offered for investors who would like to benefit from the long term performance of regional listed companies. The average equity exposure of the fund is 95%. A primary consideration

when compiling the fund's portfolio is the need to optimize the aggregate risk of the

securities to be included in the fund. In the interest of reducing the risk, the utmost care is

taken when selecting the securities to include in the fund's portfolio. The fund buys shares

issued by corporations from countries in the Central European region (primarily Hungary, the Czech Republic, Poland, Austira and Romania, Slovenia and Croatia, and secondarily Slovenia Croatia, Russia and Turkey), but it may also invest in the shares of companies in other emerging and developed countries, as well as in other collective investment securities.

Derivative transactions in equities and indices are allowed for the purpose of ensuring an efficient portfolio structure while shaping the fund's portfolio. To ensure liquidity the fund aims to hold in its portfolio the government securities on behalf of the State of Hungary and bonds issued by the National Bank of Hungary.

# GENERAL INFORMATION

Fund Manager:	AEGON Hungary Fund Manager Ltd.
Custodian:	Citibank Europe plc Magyarországi Fióktelepe
Main distributor:	AEGON Hungary Fund Manager Ltd.
Benchmark composition:	45% MSCI Emerging Markets Poland Net Total Return Local Index + 15% MSCI Austria Net Total Return + 15% MSCI Emerging Markets Czech Republic Net Total Return Local Index + 15% MSCI Emerging Markets Hungary Net Total Return Local Index + 10% MSCI Romania Net Total Return
ISIN code:	HU0000717392
Start:	09/01/2016
Currency:	CZK
Net Asset Value of the whole Fund:	19,879,790,946 HUF
Net Asset Value of CZK series:	126,640 CZK
Net Asset Value per unit:	1.266397 CZK

Interval	Yield of note	Benchmark yield
From start	5.01 %	5.13 %
2020	-11.79 %	-11.61 %
2019	6.30 %	7.38 %
2018	-10.74 %	-10.42 %
2017	19.60 %	18.61 %

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Lower risk

Higer risk

## DISTRIBUTORS

Patria Finance, a.s.

SUGGESTED MINIMUM INVESTMENT PERIOD						
3 mths	6 mths	1 yr	2 yr	3 yr	4 yr	5 yr



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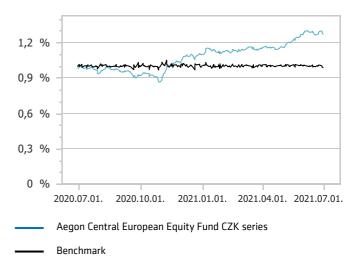
#### ASSET ALLOCATION OF THE FUND

CZK series

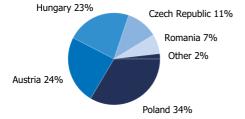
ASSET ALLOCATION OF THE FOND	
Asset	Weight
International equities	70.08 %
Hungarian equities	20.77 %
Collective securities	1.17 %
Current account	8.09 %
Liabilities	-0.16 %
Receivables	0.05 %
total	100,00 %
Derivative products	18.30 %
Net corrected leverage	118.51 %
Assets with over 10% weight	

## NET PERFORMANCE OF THE SERIES

net asset value per share, 07/01/2020 - 06/30/2021



#### Stocks by countries



#### **RISK INDICATORS FOR THE LAST 12 MONTHS**

Annualized standard deviation of the fund's weekly yields	18.58 %
Annualized standard deviation of the benchmark's weekly yields	18.84 %
WAM (Weighted Average Maturity)	0.00 years
WAL (Weighted Average Life)	0.00 years

# TOP 5 POSITIONS

уре	Counterparty / issuer	Maturity
erivatív	Erste Bef. Hun	2021. 09. 17.
lare	5	
nare	ERSTE BANK AG	
nare	OMV AV	
	Richter Gedeon Vegyészeti Gyár Nyrt. (Budapest)	
1	erivatív Hare Hare	erivatív Erste Bef. Hun Diszágos Takarékpénztár és Kereskedelmi Bank Nyrt. Bare ERSTE BANK AG Diare OMV AV Richter Gedeon Vegyészeti Gyár Nyrt.

#### Legal declaration

The recent document qualifies as Portfolio Report according to the Kbftv. requirements. It contains the following elements based on the last net asset value of the reporting month: presentation of the assets of the fund regarding asset type of portfolio investment and regarding other categories detailed in its investment policy; list of assets (issuers) representing more than 10% of the portfolio; net asset value of the fund, including the camulated and the calculated value per unit share. Investors are kindly advised, that past performance of the fund does not guarantee future performance. The returns presented are to be considered without applicable taxes, distribution fees and commissions, fees related to account keeping and other costs in relation with holding an investment fund unit. Information presented in the Portfolio Report are for information purposes only, not intended to serve as investment advice, or any other offer. Investors are kindly advised to carefully read the Key Investors Document and Prospectus of the fund, in order to understand the risks of investing into the fund, and to be able to make an informed investor decision. The referred documents are available at the distribution locations and on the official website of Aegon Alapkezelő Zrt. [1085 Budapest, Kalivin tér 12-13.] +36 1477 4814 ] alapkezel@@aegon.lu/ | www.aegonalapkezelő.hu