Aegon Central European Equity Fund **CZK** series



Net Asset 1.147972 CZK Value per unit:

114,797 CZK

Value of CZK

series

Past perform

Sugge

3 months

Risk and F

very low

INVESTMENT HORIZON:

6 months

rd Profile

low

INVESTMENT POLICY OF THE FUND:

The objective of the fund is to invest in Central and Eastern European equities. The fund is offered for investors who would like to benefit from the long term performance of regional listed companies. The average equity exposure of the fund is 95%. A primary consideration when compiling the fund's portfolio is the need to optimize the aggregate risk of the securities to be included in the fund. In the interest of reducing the risk, the utmost care is taken when selecting the securities to include in the fund's portfolio. The fund buys shares issued by corporations from countries in the Central European region (primarily Hungary, the Czech Republic, Poland, Austira and Romania, Slovenia and Croatia, and secondarily Slovenia Croatia, Russia and Turkey), but it may also invest in the shares of companies in other emerging and developed countries, as well as in other collective investment securities. Derivative transactions in equities and indices are allowed for the purpose of ensuring an efficient portfolio structure while shaping the fund's portfolio. To ensure liquidity the fund aims to hold in its portfolio the government securities on behalf of the State of Hungary and bonds issued by the National Bank of Hungary,



egon Central European Equity Fund CZK series

3 years

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4 years

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5 years

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ed as an offer or investment advisory. The Fund Prospectus contains the

2020. 04. 30. 2020. 06. 26. 2020. 08. 24. 2020. 10. 19. 2020. 12. 14. 2021. 02. 11.

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2 years

intermediate

ance is no guarantee of future results. This report should not be cor

ent period

1 year

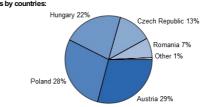
moderate

were volatile in March. U.S. Although the major stock indices closed at new all-time highs by the end of the month, the markets were volatile in March. U.S. long-term yields hit a 2-year high, to which stock markets reacted with fierce price movements. At first, investors reallocated from the growth sector to the value-based sector because of the rate rise, but when interest rates fell slightly, money flowed back into the growth sector again. It didn't help the investment environment that after the March the FOMC decision, the Fed president could not reassure the markets. Powell has finally stated that the central bank will not raise interest rates until at least 2023, but has not been able to give a meaningful answer as to what they will do if inflation is significantly higher than the forecast. Although the virus is still not under control in Europe, economic data show that the light is already visible at the end of the tunnel. The Manufacturing Purchasing Managers 'Index jumped to an all-time high of 62.4 from a previous month's 57.9 and an the expected 57.6. The key interest rate and the asset purchase program were not changed by the ECB at the interest rate decision meeting, and it was heavily emphasized, that they would not intervene during a temporary rise of inflation. Although the economies of China and other Asian countries may already be behind the crisis caused by the corona virus, it seems that, even temporarily, the Chinese economy has begun to slow down. The official Chinese manufacturing PMI fell to 50.5 after 51.3 in January, while Caixin's smaller company index fell from 51.5 to 50.9. The coming months will show whether this is just a temporary slowdown or whether we can expect a more serious slowdown. The forint approached last November's high in March, but by the end of the month closed where it started. The MNB fine-tuned its framework of the asset purchase program: they announced that the 50 per cent purchase limit on bonds' series had been abolished, while the weekly purchase volume would not change. They basically expanded the room for maneuvering in longer-term papers, having previously reached the earlier limits here. What is also worth mentioning is that the central bank is already expecting inflation of 4% or more for this year. The fund achieved a positive return in March and outperformed its benchmark. The fund remains overweight in the Austrian and Hungarian markets, while the Czech, Polish and Romanian exposures are underweight. At the sector level, the oil and real estate sectors are overweight, while the e-commerce, utilities and banking sectors are underweight, although we have reduced the underweight of the latter by buying Allegro stocks. Overall, the fund is overweight against the benchmark by 5% due to its long-term positions.

| ASSET ALLOCATION OF THE FUND ON 03/31/2021 | | | | |
|--|----------|--|--|--|
| Asset type | Weight | | | |
| International equities | 75.22 % | | | |
| Hungarian equities | 21.56 % | | | |
| Collective securities | 1.34 % | | | |
| Current account | 1.75 % | | | |
| Receivables | 0.22 % | | | |
| Liabilities | -0.09 % | | | |
| total | 100,00 % | | | |
| Derivative products | 8.62 % | | | |
| Net corrected leverage | 108.60 % | | | |
| Assets with over 10% weight | | | | |
| | | | | |

nere is no such instrument in the portfolio Stocks by countries:

MARKET SUMMARY



| NET YIELD PERFORMANCE OF THE SERIES: | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|-----------------|--|--|
| Interval | Yield of note | Benchmark yield | | |
| From start | 3.06 % | 2.86 % | | |
| 2020 | -11.79 % | -11.61 % | | |
| 2019 | 6.30 % | 7.38 % | | |
| 2018 | -10.74 % | -10.42 % | | |
| 2017 | 19.60 % | 18.61 % | | |

21.04 %

RISK INDICATORS FOR THE LAST 12 MONTHS: Annualized standard deviation of the fund's weekly yields

Annualized standard deviation of the benchmark's weekly vields: 21.45 % WAM (Weighted Average Maturity): 0.00 years WAL (Weighted Average Life): 0.00 years

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|----------------------------|-----------|---|---------------|
| TOP 5 POSITIONS | | | |
| Asset | Туре | Counterparty / issuer | Maturity |
| Erste Bank | share | ERSTE BANKAG (AT) | |
| WIG20 INDEX FUT Jun21 Buy | derivativ | Erste Bef. Hun (HU) | 2021. 06. 18. |
| OTP Bank törzsrészvény | share | Országos Takarékpénztár és Kereskedelmi Bank Nyrt. (HU) | |
| OMV | share | OMV AV (AT) | |
| Richter Nyrt. Részv. Demat | share | Richter Gedeon Vegyészeti Gyár Nyrt. (Budapest) (HU) | |
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AEGON Befektetési Alapkezelő