

Aegon International Equity Fund HUF series

GENERAL INFORMATION	
Fund Manager:	AEGON Hungary Fund Manager Ltd.
Custodian:	Citibank Europe plc Magyarországi Fióktelepe
Main distributor:	AEGON Hungary Fund Manager Ltd.
Benchmark composition:	100% MSCI World Net Total Return USD Index
ISIN code:	HU0000702485
Start:	04/21/1999
Currency:	HUF
Total Net Asset Value of the whole Fund:	8,673,462,356 HUF
Net Asset Value of HUF series:	3,771,196,825 HUF
Net Asset Value per unit:	2.004687 HUF

INVESTMENT POLICY OF THE FUND:

The fund aims to profit from the return on global equity market investments, through share price gains and dividend income. The bulk of its portfolio is made up of the publicly listed shares of foreign companies. When building the fund's portfolio, beyond the minimum statutory requirements, the principles of safety and maximum diversification (the spreading of risk) are observed. Accordingly, the fund primarily buys publicly issued foreign securities that are listed on foreign stock exchanges, and secondarily, it may also invest in shares issued by Hungarian companies. The fund management company, exercising all due care, based on its own judgement and decisions, and while observing the relevant legal provisions and the limitations stipulated in the Fund Documentation, determines the means of utilising the fund's resources, and the weights of the various investments within the portfolio, with a view to ensuring that the fund - in line with our expectations with regard to future risks and returns - achieves its objective in the long term. However, the fund is managed on the premise that when compiling the portfolio, it is shares that determine the nature of the fund. Accordingly, the proportion of shares that may be kept in the fund at any given moment may reach the prevailing statutory maximum. The fund management company is permitted, at its own discretion, to hedge all or a part of its currency risks with forward currency positions, in compliance with the statutory requirements. When compiling the share portfolio, taking into consideration the macroeconomic environment of the investment markets, the aim is to build up a long-term investment portfolio primarily on the basis of fundamental analyses. In accordance with the current legislation, the proportion of shares in the portfolio may be up to 100%.

DISTRIBUTORS

Aegon Magyarország Befektetési Alapkezelő Zrt., CIB Bank Zrt., CONCORDE Értékpapír Zrt., Equilor Befektetési Zrt, Erste Befektetési Zrt., MKB Bank Nyrt., OTP Bank Nyrt., Raiffeisen Bank Zrt., Takarékbank Zrt, Unicredit Bank Hungary Zrt.

NET YIELD PERFORMANCE OF THE SERIES:

Interval	Yield of note	Benchmark yield
From start	3.23 %	5.56 %
2020	13.85 %	16.93 %
2019	29.85 %	34.89 %
2018	-4.62 %	-4.51 %
2017	4.95 %	5.12 %
2016	4.75 %	4.31 %
2015	4.57 %	6.48 %
2014	19.63 %	20.20 %
2013	18.29 %	21.22 %
2012	3.13 %	3.60 %
2011	-4.08 %	4.82 %

NET PERFORMANCE OF THE SERIES



Past performance is no guarantee of future results. This report should not be considered as an offer or investment advisory. The Fund Prospectus contains the detailed conditions of the investment. The distribution costs of the fund purchase can be found at the distributors.

TOP 5 POSITIONS

Asset	Type	Counterparty / Issuer	Maturity
BNP Paribas Easy S&P 500 UCITS ETF	investment note	BNP Paribas Easy S&P 500 UCITS ETF (FR)	
Vanguard S&P500 ETF	investment note	Vanguard S&P500 ETF (US)	
iShares MSCI Europe UCITS ETF	investment note	iShares MSCI Europe UCITS ETF (IE)	
S&P500 EMINI FUT Mar21 (Erste) Buy	derivativ	Erste Bef. Hun (HU)	2021.03.19.
SPDR S&P 500 ETF (USD)	investment note	SPDR S&P 500 ETF (USD) (US)	

MARKET SUMMARY:

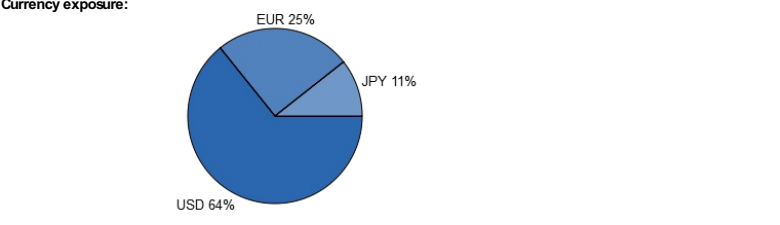
The fear overwhelmed the stock markets in late February as 5-10-30 year US bond yields hit new highs. What caused the problem was, that not only nominal but also real interest rates rose, which could later be a problem for the economy. The U.S. Federal Reserve has previously communicated that they don't mind if long-term interest rates go up, they monitor short-term ones and make decisions based on it. If interest rates continue to rise, the Fed will have to decide whether, it will keep its promise that it will not raise the benchmark rate for the next 2 years or it will introduce a yield curve control. The European economy is mixed. The Eurozone Services Sector Purchasing Managers' Index fell from 54.4 to 44.7, marking a contraction for the sixth month in a row. In contrast, the manufacturing PMI jumped from 54.8 to 57.7, which has not seen such a high reading since February 2018. The composite indicator, formed by the weighting of the two, climbed back from 47.8 to 48.1, yet it is still the fifth month below the crucial 50 mark. Although China's and other Asian countries' economies may already be behind the coronavirus-induced crisis, China's macro data has begun to weaken. The Caixin Manufacturing PMI, which measures the output of smaller firms and exporters, fell to 51.5 from 53.5 in the previous month, and the index measuring the service sector also fell from 55.7 to 52.4. Although the economies of the Far Eastern countries have been much less affected by the epidemic, booming world trade remains an important factor for them and they will therefore have to wait for the spread of the epidemic to subside in the developed countries. The coronavirus continues to spread in Hungary without control. Although the spread seemed to be slowing down in early February, it unfortunately gained new momentum by the end of the month. Nothing has yet materialized from the previously announced economic stimulus package, and unfortunately more and more small businesses, especially those interested in hospitality, are closing permanently. The forint depreciated by 1.5% against the euro during the month. The fund achieved a positive return in February and also outperformed its benchmark, which was also supported by the efficient country allocation. In the fund, we replaced the EU exposure with UK equities as we believe that all the negative effects of the Brexit are already priced in and therefore the English companies are relatively undervalued compared to its European counterparts. The fund is underweighted against the benchmark because we believe that markets remain highly overvalued in the short term and speculative activity in the markets is very high. This usually leads to a correction so we keep less exposure. At the individual stock level, we are trying to open positions in undervalued companies that have a commodity exposure.

ASSET ALLOCATION OF THE FUND ON 02/28/2021

Asset type	Weight
Collective securities	71.87 %
International equities	2.33 %
Current account	21.53 %
Receivables	6.25 %
Liabilities	-1.97 %
Total	100.00 %
Derivative products	15.77 %
Net corrected leverage	117.39 %

Assets with over 10% weight

BNP Paribas Easy S&P 500 UCITS ETF
Vanguard S&P500 ETF
iShares MSCI Europe UCITS ETF



RISK INDICATORS FOR THE LAST 12 MONTHS:

Annualized standard deviation of the fund's weekly yields:	28.62 %
Annualized standard deviation of the benchmark's weekly yields:	28.43 %
WAM (Weighted Average Maturity):	0.00 years
WAL (Weighted Average Life):	0.00 years

INVESTMENT HORIZON:

Suggested minimum investment period:

3 months
 6 months
 1 year
 2 years
 3 years
 4 years
 5 years

Risk and Reward Profile:

very low
 low
 moderate
 intermediate
 significant
 high
 very high