# **Aegon Central European Equity Fund CZK** series



## GENERAL INFORMATION

Fund Manager: AEGON Hungary Fund Manager Ltd. Custodian: Citibank Europe plc Magyarországi Fióktelepe AEGON Hungary Fund Manager Ltd.

distributor

45% MSCI Emerging Markets Poland Net Total Return Local Index + 15% MSCI Austria Net Total Return + 15% Benchmark MSCI Emerging Markets Czech Republic Net Total Return Local Index + 15% MSCI Emerging Markets Hungary composition Net Total Return Local Index + 10% MSCI Romania Net Total Return

HU0000717392 ISIN code: Start: 09/01/2016

Currency: Total Net Asset

16,694,721,281 HUF

whole Fund: Net Asset

Value of CZK 112,512 CZK series

Net Asset Value per unit:

1.125119 CZK

## INVESTMENT POLICY OF THE FUND:

The objective of the fund is to invest in Central and Eastern European equities. The fund is offered for investors who would like to benefit from the long term performance of regional listed companies. The average equity exposure of the fund is 95%. A primary consideration when compiling the fund's portfolio is the need to optimize the aggregate risk of the securities to be included in the fund. In the interest of reducing the risk, the utmost care is taken when selecting the securities to include in the fund's portfolio. The fund buys shares issued by corporations from countries in the Central European region (primarily Hungary, the Czech Republic, Poland, Austira and Romania, Slovenia and Croatia, and secondarily Slovenia Croatia, Russia and Turkey), but it may also invest in the shares of companies in other emerging and developed countries, as well as in other collective investment securities. Derivative transactions in equities and indices are allowed for the purpose of ensuring an efficient portfolio structure while shaping the fund's portfolio. To ensure liquidity the fund aims to hold in its portfolio the government securities on behalf of the State of Hungary and bonds issued by the National Bank of Hungary,

# DISTRIBUTORS

### Patria Finance, a.s.



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nance is no guarantee of future results. This report should not be considitions of the investment. The distribution costs of the fund purchase or ed as an offer or investment advisory. The Fund Prospectus contains the



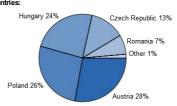
# MARKET SUMMARY

The fear overwhelmed the stock markets in late February as 5-10-30 year US bond yields hit new highs. What caused the problem was, that not only nominal but also real interest rates rose, which could later be a problem for the economy. The U.S. Federal Reserve has previously communicated that they don't mind if long-term interest rates go up, they monitor short-term ones and make decisions based on it. If interest rates continue to rise, the Fed will have to decide whether, it will keep its promise that it will not raise the benchmark rate for the next 2 years or it will introduce a yield curve control. The European economy is mixed. The European Economy is mixed. The European Economy is mixed for the sixth month in a row. In contrast, the manufacturing PMI jumped from 54.8 to 57.7, which has not seen such a high reading since February 2018. The composite indicator, formed by the weighting of the two, climbed back from 47.8 to 48.1, yet it is still the fifth month below the crucial 50 mark. Although China's and other Asian countries' economies may already be behind the coronavirus-induced crisis, China's macro data has begun to weaken. The Caixin Manufacturing PMI, which measures the output of smaller firms and exporters, fell to 51.5 from 53.5 in the previous month, and the index measuring the service sector also fell from 55.7 to 52.4. Although the economies of the Far Eastern countries have been much less affected by the epidemic, booming world trade remains an important factor for them and they will therefore have to wait for the spread of the epidemic to subside in the developed countries. The coronavirus continues to spread in Hungary without control. Although the spread seemed to be slowing down in early February, it unfortunately gained new momentum by the end of the month. Nothing has yet materialized from the previously announced economic stimulus package, and unfortunately more and more small businesses, especially those interested in hospitality, are closing permanently. The forint depreciated by 1.5% against the euro during the month. The fund achieved a positive return in February and also outperformed its benchmark. The Hungarian and Austrian positions performed extremely well last month. We keep these exposures unchanged in the fund. The Czech, Polish and Romanian underweights have not changed over the past month. At the sector level, the utilities sector and e-commerce are underweight, with the banking sector neutral against the benchmark. Overall, the fund overweight against the benchmark by 104% due to its long-term positions.

ASSET ALLOCATION OF THE FUND ON 02/28/2021	
Asset type	Weight
International equities	71.18 %
Hungarian equities	23.39 %
Collective securities	1.94 %
Current account	3.53 %
Liabilities	-0.10 %
Receivables	0.06 %
total	100,00 %
Derivative products	9.14 %
Net corrected leverage	109.17 %

Assets with over 10% weight		
There is no such instrument in the portfolio		

### Stocks by countries:



NET YIELD PERFORMANCE OF THE SERIES:				
Interval	Yield of note	Benchmark yield		
From start	2.66 %	2.52 %		
2020	-11.79 %	-11.61 %		
2019	6.30 %	7.38 %		
2018	-10.74 %	-10.42 %		
2017	19.60 %	18.61 %		
DISK INDICATORS FOR THE LAST	12 MONTUS:			

Annualized standard deviation of the fund's weekly yields 31.02 % Annualized standard deviation of the benchmark's weekly yields: 29.96 %WAM (Weighted Average Maturity): WAL (Weighted Average Life):

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Asset	Туре	Counterparty / issuer	Maturity
OTP Bank törzsrészvény	share	Országos Takarékpénztár és Kereskedelmi Bank Nyrt (HU)	
WIG20 INDEX FUT Mar21 Buy	derivatív	Erste Bef. Hun (HU)	2021. 03. 19.
Erste Bank	share	ERSTE BANK AG (AT)	
OMV	share	OMV AV (AT)	
Richter Nyrt. Részv. Demat	share	Richter Gedeon Vegyészeti Gyár Nyrt (Budapest) (HU)	

