

# Aegon Maraton Active Mixed Investment Fund institutional series

GENERAL INFORMATION	
Fund Manager:	AEGON Hungary Fund Manager Ltd.
Custodian:	Raiffeisen Bank Zrt.
Main distributor:	AEGON Hungary Fund Manager Ltd.
Benchmark composition:	100% RMAX Index
ISIN code:	HU0000714928
Start:	07/09/2015
Currency:	HUF
Total Net Asset Value of the whole Fund:	22,540,089,484 HUF
Net Asset Value of institutional series:	10,071,796,931 HUF
Net Asset Value per unit:	1.132254 HUF

**INVESTMENT POLICY OF THE FUND:**

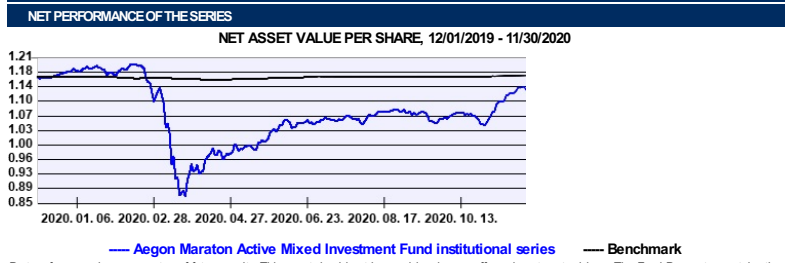
The objective of the Fund is to provide capital return for the investors within the appropriate risk limits. The aim of the Fund is to achieve the highest possible return for a given risk level by buying undervalued stocks and fixed income assets and selling overvalued instruments. The Fund is allowed to buy shares, bonds and other instruments, to open short positions on the spot market, to take long and short forward and future positions. Moreover, the Fund can trade on the option market. The portfolio of the Fund is separated into three classes according to their investment objective: Instruments of the first class consist of long positions of long term, fundamentally undervalued, and short positions of overvalued equities. The method of stock picking is identical with the applied methods of Aegon equity related funds and mainly concentrate to the CEE regional markets, although the Fund is allowed to invest in other emerging and developed market instruments. The second class of the Fund's instruments implement the top-down equity strategy of Aegon Asset Management Co., mainly with long and short positions on the futures markets. These positions are based on the scores of the so-called "quadrant model", which is the internal asset allocation model of the Asset Management Company. Instruments of the third class involve the fixed income part of the Fund. The aim of the third class is to reach or exceed the performance of the RMAX Index. The target weight of the first and second classes altogether is 45%.

**DISTRIBUTORS**

Aegon Magyarország Befektetési Alapkezelő Zrt., Raiffeisen Bank Zrt., Unicredit Bank Hungary Zrt.

**NET YIELD PERFORMANCE OF THE SERIES:**

Interval	Yield of note	Benchmark yield
From start	2.33 %	0.51 %
2019	9.15 %	0.23 %
2018	-3.85 %	0.31 %
2017	4.78 %	0.20 %
2016	6.95 %	1.22 %



Past performance is no guarantee of future results. This report should not be considered as an offer or investment advisory. The Fund Prospectus contains the detailed conditions of the investment. The distribution costs of the fund purchase can be found at the distributors.

**RISK INDICATORS FOR THE LAST 12 MONTHS:**

Annualized standard deviation of the fund's weekly yields:	19.34 %
Annualized standard deviation of the benchmark's weekly yields:	0.60 %
WAM (Weighted Average Maturity):	2.52 years
WAL (Weighted Average Life):	3.26 years

**TOP 5 POSITIONS**

Asset	Type	Counterparty / issuer	Maturity
ISHARES DJ EuroBANKS ETF	investment note	ISHARES DJ EuroBANKS ETF (DE)	
Adventum TRIUM Zártkörű Ingatlan Befektetési Alap új	investment note	Adventum TRIUM Zártkörű Ingatlan Befektetési Alap (HU)	
Adventum MAGIS Zártkörű Alapok Alapja	investment note	Adventum MAGIS Zártkörű Alapok (HU)	
KAZAKS 2.375 11/09/28	interest-bearing	Kazah állam (KZ)	2028. 11. 09.
ERSTBK PERP 2021/10/15 8.875% EUR	interest-bearing	ERSTE BANKAG (AT)	2021. 10. 15.

**MARKET SUMMARY:**

In November, we got the answers to two questions that preoccupied investors throughout the year. First, we have finally found out who will be president of the United States in the next four years, and the other, perhaps more importantly, in the current circumstances, is when we can expect to be vaccinated against the corona virus. The U.S. presidential election was won by former President Barack Obama's Vice President Joe Biden. More importantly, in the case of the corona virus, we can finally see the light at the end of the tunnel. In November, three drug companies announced that the Phase 3 trials were extremely successful, and mass vaccinations could begin as early as the first half of December. U.S. stock market indices rose significantly in November on news that the vaccine is about to be distributed in the near future. The Russel 2000 index was able to break through the 2018 level and hit a new all-time high, and the Dow Jones index broke the psychologically important 30,000 mark for the first time in its history. Stock markets are extremely optimistic about the future and seem to price in the best case scenario. It is true that starting to vaccinate the population next spring will be of great help to the economy, but stock markets are currently pricing that by next summer, everything will be back to pre-Covid-19. At least that what share prices and market expectations reflect. The European economy is mixed. Although the German consumer sentiment index fell from the previous -3.1 to -6.7 in November, below the expected -4.9, the euro area manufacturing PMI remained at 48.8 in October, compared with the previous month value of 53.7. This is the fourth month that the indicator is above 50, which indicates the expansion of the economy. New orders rose from 57 to 58.7, the highest reading since January 2018. The economies of China and other Asian countries may be already thru the pandemic, at least macroeconomic data suggest so. The Caixin's manufacturing PMI was 53.6, slightly higher than what it was expected, indicating expansion in the economy. China's manufacturing PMI was better than expected, reaching 52.1 instead of the expected 51.5 in November. The corona virus continues to spread uncontrollably in Hungary. Nothing has been implemented from the previously announced economic stimulus package, and the Hungarian forint shows the vulnerability of the economy as well. Although the domestic currency has not weakened against regional currencies, it cannot gain significant ground against the euro. The fund achieved a positive return in November. We increased the equity weighting to 45% at the beginning of November, which we further increased to 50% during the month. Most of the fund's performance in November was produced by the banking sector, and within that, Greek banks contributed the most. In addition, the solar and fintech sectors performed well too. What reduced the fund's performance last month was the gold exposure. In November, we further increased our emerging market weight after believing that emerging markets are in a more stable position both economically and in the fight against the virus. We further increased value-based investments during the month, reducing the growth sector proportionately. The weakening of the US dollar will also greatly help these economies.

**ASSET ALLOCATION OF THE FUND ON 11/30/2020**

Asset type	Weight
Collective securities	31.84 %
Corporate bonds	22.54 %
International equities	14.96 %
Government bonds	12.97 %
Hungarian equities	9.70 %
Current account	8.58 %
Liabilities	-1.71 %
Receivables	1.03 %
Market value of open derivative positions total	0.09 %
Derivative products	100.00 %
Net corrected leverage	61.13 %
	100.86 %

**Assets with over 10% weight**

There is no such instrument in the portfolio

**INVESTMENT HORIZON:**

Suggested minimum investment period:

3 months  
  6 months  
  1 year  
 2 years  
 3 years  
 4 years  
 5 years

Risk and Reward Profile:

very low  
 low  
 moderate  
 intermediate  
 significant  
 high  
 very high