Aegon Alfa Total Return Investment Fund institutional series

GENERAL INFORMATION	
Fund Manager:	AEGON Hungary Fund Manager Ltd.
Custodian:	Unicredit Bank Hungary Zrt.
Main distributor:	AEGON Hungary Fund Manager Ltd.
Benchmark composition:	100% RMAX Index
ISIN code:	HU0000715974
Start:	03/08/2016
Currency:	HUF
Total Net Asset Value of the whole Fund:	42, 106, 476, 393 HUF
Net Asset Value of institutional series:	5,171,352,802 HUF
Net Asset Value per unit:	1.106188 HUF

INVESTMENT POLICY OF THE FUND:

The aim of the fund is to achieve a substantial yield for investors by taking high risks and making active use of derivative positions. The fund is decidedly high-risk, particularly due to the derivative positions it takes. The fund is willing to buy or sell all available investment instruments - domestic and foreign bonds, equities and other securities, indeces and currencies - provided it sees the opportunity to make substantial gains. In this respect the fund belongs in the category of opportunistic funds that pursue a multi strategy investment approach. Within the multi-strategy approach pursued by the fund, 'global macro', 'long-short equity', 'convertible bond arbitrage' and 'managed futures'-type transactions dominate. In terms of asset class, the fund's investments can be divided into three main groups; it takes on extra risk in the bond, currency and equity markets, and in these markets it is prepared to take up both long and short positions within the maximum limits permitted by law, which currently allow double leverage for funds of this type. In its investment decision- aking mechanism the fund assesses fundamental, pricing, technical and behaviouralpsychological factors. The fund management company, exercising all due care, based on its own judgement and decisions, nd while observing the relevant legal provisions and the limitations stipulated in the Fund Documentation, determines the means of utilising the fund's resources, and the weights of the various investments within the portfolio, with a view to ensuring that the fund - in line with our expectations with regard to future risks and returns - achieves its objective in the long term. To ensure liquidity the fund aims to hold government securities issued by the State Debt Management Centre (ÁKK) on behalf of the State of Hungary.

DISTRIBUTORS Aegon Magyarország Befektetési Alapkezelő Zrt., Raiffeisen Bank Zrt., Unicredit Bank Hungary Zrt. NET YIELD PERFORMANCE OF THE SERIES: ld of note Benchmark yield Interval From star 2.16 % 0.47 % 2019 8 26 % 0.23 % 2018 -2 67 % 0.31 % 2017 3.91 % 0.20 % NET PER ASSET VALUE PER SHARE, 12/01/2019 - 11/30/2020 1.1252 1.1058 1.0865 1.0672 1.0478 1.0285 1.0092 0.9898 0.970 0.9512 2020. 01. 07. 2020. 03. 05. 2020. 05. 07. 2020. 07. 07. 2020. 09. 07. 2020. 11. 0 Aegon Alfa Total Return Investment Fund institutional series - Benchmark Past performance is no guarantee of future results. This report should not be considered as an offer or investment advisory. The Fund Prospectus contains the detailed conditions of the investment. The distribution costs of the fund purchase can be found at the distributors INVESTMENT HORIZON:



MARKET SUMMARY In November, we got the answers to two questions that preoccupied investors throughout the year. First, we have finally found out who will be president of the United States in the next four years, and the other, perhaps more importantly, in the current circumstances, is when we can expect to be vaccinated against the corona virus. The U.S. presidential election was won by former President Barack Obama's Vice President Joe Biden. More importantly, in the case of the corona virus, we can finally see the light at the end of the tunnel. In November, three drug companies announced that the Phase 3 trials were extremely successful, and mass vaccinations could begin as early as the first half of December. U.S. stock market indices rose significantly in November on news that the vaccine is about to be distributed in the near future. The Russel 2000 index was able to break through the 2018 level and hit a new all-time high, and the Dow Jones index broke the psychologically important 30,000 mark for the first time in its history. Stock markets are extremely optimistic about the future and seem to price in the best case scenario. It is true that starting to vaccinate the population next spring will be of great help to the economy, but stock markets are currently pricing that by next summer, everything will be back to pre-Covid-19. At least that what share prices and market expectations reflect. The European economy is mixed. Although the German consumer sentiment index fell from the previous -3.1 to -6.7 in November, below the expected the -4.9, the euro area manufacturing PMI remained at 48.8 in October, compared with the previous month value of 53.7. This is the fourth month that the indicator is above 50, which indicates the expansion of the economy. New orders rose from 57 to 58.7, the highest reading since January 2018. The economies of China and other Asian countries may be already thru the pandemic, at least macroeconomic data suggest so. The Caixin's manufacturing PMI was 53.6, slightly higher than what it was expected, indicating expansion in the economy. China's manufacturing PMI was better than expected, reaching 52.1 instead of the expected 51.5 in November. The corona virus continues to spread uncontrollably in Hungary. Nothing has been implemented from the previously announced economic stimulus package, and the Hungarian forint shows the vulnerability of the economy as well. Although the domestic currency has not weakened against regional currencies, it cannot gain significant ground against the euro. The fund achieved a positive return in November. Over the past month, the fund's main investments have started to perform extremely well. As we have written several times in the past, the fund has focused mainly on value-based investments due to market pricing, with overweight in the cyclical and banking sectors. The undervaluation of these sectors was finally noticed by the investment community and virtually 6 months of mispricing was corrected in one month. We believe that this is just the beginning of a long-term process, as with the introduction of the vaccine bringing the recovery of economies into tangible proximity, we are only at the beginning of the potential outperformance of value-based investments. Although we took partial profits in the regional equities during the month, the fund still has a higher-than-average weight in this sector. 20% of the fund still has exposure to European banks and 20% has an interest in the CEE region. Bank exposure is mainly in the Greek, Polish and Hungarian sectors, but we also hold other European banks. The fund is still positioned so that we have long positions in the sectors we believe to be undervalued and short positions in the sectors that we think is overvalued. We think that the forint has weakened too much and too quickly, and the EURHUF exchange rate may strengthen against the euro by to the 350 level in the near future.

EGON

Asset type	Weight
Hungarian equities	26.26 %
Corporate bonds	16.86 %
Government bonds	15.94 %
International equities	10.03 %
Collective securities	8.96 %
T-bills	4.48 %
Current account	19.13 %
Liabilities	-2.56 %
Receivables	0.48 %
Market value of open derivative positions	0.44 %
total	100,00 %
Derivative products	62.07 %
Net corrected leverage	127.00 %
Assets with over 10% weight	
There is no such instrument in the portfolio	

Currency exposure:



Annualized standard deviation of the fund's weekly vields 12 34 9 Annualized standard deviation of the benchmark's weekly yields: 0.60 % WAM (Weighted Average Maturity): 7.81 years WAL (Weighted Average Life): 8.04 years

Asset	Туре	Counterparty / issuer	Maturity	
S&P500 EMINI FUT Dec20 (Erste) Sell	derivatív	Erste Bef. Hun (HU)	2020. 12. 18.	
EURO STOXX BANK Dec20 Buy	derivatív	Erste Bef. Hun (HU)	2020. 12. 18.	
Opus Securities átváltható kötvénye	interest-bearing	Opusse Securities (LU)	2099. 10. 31.	

