Aegon Central European Equity Fund institutional series



GENERAL INFORMATION

Fund Manager: AEGON Hungary Fund Manager Ltd. Custodian: Citibank Europe plc Magyarországi Fióktelepe

AEGON Hungary Fund Manager Ltd. distributor

45% MSCI Emerging Markets Poland Net Total Return Local Index + 15% MSCI Austria Net Total Return + 15% Benchmark MSCI Emerging Markets Czech Republic Net Total Return Local Index + 15% MSCI Emerging Markets Hungary composition Net Total Return Local Index + 10% MSCI Romania Net Total Return

HU0000709530

ISIN code: Start: 01/11/2011 Currency

Total Net Asset

13,205,625,016 HUF

whole Fund:

Value of 9,348,280,808 HUF

Net Asset institutional

Net Asset

4.931573 HUF Value per unit

The objective of the fund is to invest in Central and Eastern European equities. The fund is offered for investors who would like to benefit from the long term performance of regional listed companies. The average equity exposure of the fund is 95%. A primary consideration when compiling the fund's portfolio is the need to optimize the aggregate risk of the securities to be included in the fund. In the interest of reducing the risk, the utmost care is taken when selecting the securities to include in the fund's portfolio. The fund buys shares issued by corporations from countries in the Central European region (primarily Hungary, the Czech Republic, Poland, Austira and Romania, Slovenia and Croatia, and secondarily Slovenia Croatia, Russia and Turkey), but it may also invest in the shares of companies in other emerging and developed countries, as well as in other collective investment securities. Derivative transactions in equities and indices are allowed for the purpose of ensuring an efficient portfolio structure while shaping the fund's portfolio. To ensure liquidity the fund aims to hold in its portfolio the government securities on behalf of the State of Hungary and bonds issued by the National Bank of Hungary,

Aegon Magyarország Befektetési Alapkezelő Zrt., Raiffeisen Bank Zrt., Unicredit Bank Hungary Zrt.



Aegon Central European Equity Fund institutional series - Benchmark

considered as an offer or investment advisory. The Fund Prospectus contains the se can be found at the distributors Past performance is no guarantee of future results. This report should not be con detailed conditions of the investment. The distribution costs of the fund purchase of

RISK INDICATORS FOR THE LAST 12 MONTHS: Annualized standard deviation of the fund's weekly yields:

30.88 % Annualized standard deviation of the benchmark's weekly yields: 29.62 % WAM (Weighted Average Maturity): 0.00 years

WAL (Weighted Average Life): 0.00 years

INVESTMENT HORIZON

uggested m	ninimum invest	ment period	:			
3 months	6 months	1 year	2 years	3 years	4 years	5 years



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WIG20 INDEX FUT Dec20 Buy	derivatív	Erste Bef. Hun (HU)
OTP Bank törzsrészvény	share	Országos Takarékpénztár és Kereskedelmi Bank Nyrt. (HU)
Richter Nyrt. Részv. Demat	share	Richter Gedeon Vegyészeti Gyár Nyrt. (Budapest) (HU)
CD PROJECT RED	share	CD PROJECT RED (PL)
Dino Polska SA	share	DINO POLSKA SA (PL)

The second wave of the coronavirus arrived to Europe in September, but the attitude of the governments are radically different from what it was in the spring. It seems that the political leadership is not risking another total economic shutdown, rather, albeit unspoken, they are trying to apply the model that the Swedes used in the spring. The defense against the virus is passed on to people and the political leadership try to pass laws that can slow down the spread of the virus. The chairman of the US Federal Reserve reaffirmed the new monetary policy framework for average inflation outlined in his Jackson Hole speech in September, in which no interest rate hikes are planned until at least 2023 and all means are used to meet monetary policy targets. Contrary to expectations, the dollar began to strengthen against both developed and emerging market currencies. Brexit became the headline news again in Europe after Boris Johnson announced a deadline of 15 October to conclude the Brexit talks, after which they would be ready to leave without an agreement. Experts say "hard-Brexit" is thus again a real alternative. The European economy slowed slightly after the Eurozone Purchasing Managers' Index slowed to 51.9 in August. In China, the economic growth continues after the Caixin's manufacturing PMI jumped to 53.1 in August, and the export orders sub-index became positive for the first time this year. The Caixin service sector PMI rose to 54 in August, continuing to expand in the sector, which now accounts for the bulk of the economy. In Hungary, the MNB surprised the markets when it raised the depo rate by 15 basis points from 60 to 75. Most likely they would like to prevent the forint from weakening further with this move. The EURHUF exchange rate went above 366 after the announcement, but by the end of the month the forint had strengthened slightly. The spread of the coronavirus in Hungary is the second worst in Europe and this also affects the performance of the economy. The MNB has already put together an economic package designed to help the recovery of the Hungarian economy. The fund achieved a negative return in September, but outperformed the benchmark. At the country level, the fund is overweight in Hungary, while it is slightly underweight in the Polish, Romanian and Austrian markets. At the sector level, oil and utilities are underweight, the banking sector is at a neutral level, while the overweight position in retail and video games has been further increased. The fund is overweight against the benchmark by 105% due to its long-term positions

ASSEL ALLOCATION OF THE FUND ON 09/30/2020				
Asset type	Weight			
International equities	69.30 %			
Hungarian equities	23.31 %			
Collective securities	1.69 %			
Current account	5.44 %			
Receivables	0.40 %			
Liabilities	-0.12 %			
total	100,00 %			
Derivative products	12.41 %			
Net corrected leverage	112.26 %			

Assets with over 10% weight

OTP Bank törzsrészvény



Interval	Yield of note	Benchmark yield
From start	1.04 %	-0.92 %
2019	11.98 %	12.03 %
2018	-7.46 %	-7.91 %
2017	27.00 %	25.00 %
2016	8.12 %	5.96 %
2015	-0.80 %	-2.82 %
2014	3.53 %	0.69 %
2013	-1.31 %	-4.66 %
2012	18.51 %	14.61 %

