

Aegon Istanbul Equity Fund HUF series

GENERAL INFORMATION

Fund Manager:	AEGON Hungary Fund Manager Ltd.
Custodian:	Citibank Europe plc Magyarországi Fióktelepe
Main distributor:	AEGON Hungary Fund Manager Ltd.
Benchmark composition:	100% MSCI Turkey 10/40 Net Total Return USD Index
ISIN code:	HU0000707419
Start:	12/04/2008
Currency:	HUF
Total Net Asset Value of the whole Fund:	3,618,841,006 HUF
Net Asset Value of HUF series:	1,825,048,505 HUF
Net Asset Value per unit:	1.192667 HUF

INVESTMENT POLICY OF THE FUND:

The fund aims to share in the yields of the Turkish equity market, and to profit from Turkey's economic growth through share price gains and dividend income. Given the risk profiles of the equity investments, the fund is classified as a high-risk investment. The fund manager's intentions are that the fund's portfolio should consist predominantly of the publicly traded shares of foreign-domiciled companies. The primary investment targets are the stock exchange-traded shares of companies that maintain an active presence in Turkey, or that generate a substantial proportion of their revenues in the Turkish market. When building the fund's portfolio, beyond the minimum statutory requirements, the principles of safety and maximum diversification (the spreading of risk) are observed. The fund management company, exercising all due care, determines the means of utilising the fund's resources on the basis of its own judgement and decisions, while observing the relevant legal provisions and the limitations stipulated in the Fund Documentation and by taking into account the macroeconomic environment of the investment markets, relying primarily on fundamental analysis. When compiling the portfolio, it is shares that determine the nature of the fund, and thus the proportion of shares that may be held in the fund at any given moment may reach the prevailing statutory maximum. When determining the weights, within the equity investments, of shares traded in the Turkish market, we aim to ensure that the fund - in line with our expectations with regard to future risks and yields - achieves its objective, which is to outperform the benchmark advertised by the fund, over the longer term. The fund records its assets in forint; the fund management company may, at its own discretion, choose to hedge all or a part of its currency risks with forward currency positions, in compliance with the applicable statutory requirements. Under the current legislation the proportion of shares in the portfolio may be up to 100%.

DISTRIBUTORS

Aegon Magyarország Befektetési Alapkezelő Zrt., CIB Bank Zrt., Commerzbank Zrt., CONCORDE Értékpapír Zrt., Equilor Befektetési Zrt, Erste Befektetési Zrt., KBC Securities Magyarországi Fióktelepe, OTP Bank Nyrt., Raiffeisen Bank Zrt., Takarékbank Zrt, Unicredit Bank Hungary Zrt.

NET YIELD PERFORMANCE OF THE SERIES:

Interval	Yield of note	Benchmark yield
From start	1.51 %	1.89 %
2019	21.09 %	16.70 %
2018	-36.82 %	-37.86 %
2017	18.68 %	18.55 %
2016	-7.19 %	-4.78 %
2015	-23.06 %	-25.86 %
2014	39.20 %	38.57 %
2013	-30.41 %	-28.22 %
2012	50.47 %	48.47 %
2011	-25.11 %	-25.89 %
2010	29.33 %	28.95 %

NET PERFORMANCE OF THE SERIES

NET ASSET VALUE PER SHARE, 09/01/2019 - 08/31/2020



— Aegon Istanbul Equity Fund HUF series — Benchmark

Past performance is no guarantee of future results. This report should not be considered as an offer or investment advisory. The Fund Prospectus contains the detailed conditions of the investment. The distribution costs of the fund purchase can be found at the distributors.

TOP 5 POSITIONS

Asset	Type	Counterparty / issuer	Maturity
KOZAL	share	KOZAALTIN (TR)	
HACI OMER SABANCI HOLDING	share	HACI OMER SABANCI HOLDING (TR)	
TURKCELL ILETISIM HIZMET AS	share	TURKCELL ILETISIM HIZMET AS (TR)	
COCA-COLA ICECEKAS	share	COCA-COLA ICECEKAS (TR)	
EFES	share	EFES (TR)	

MARKET SUMMARY:

The second wave of the coronavirus has reached Europe, and based on the numbers, it looks more severe than the first wave. It has been made clear that there will not be the same level of closures as in the spring, but if the numbers skyrocket, partial shut downs can be expected. Numbers are also starting to decline in America, but it is not known how the start of school year will affect the spread of the epidemic. The new economic bailout package has still not been adopted in the U.S., and it seems that the agreement between Democrats and Republicans can only be forced by a major stock market crash. U.S. macro data show an improving trend, but it should be noted that the numbers are improving from very low levels. The real state of the economy will not be clear for another 2-3 months. The president of the US Federal Reserve said at his usual annual Jackson Hole meeting that there are no plans to raise interest rates for a long time to come, even if inflation starts to rise. European economic data also show an improving trend, with the two most important indicators, the manufacturing purchasing index and the service activity index, exceeding 50, indicating an expansion. The German ZEW index also paints a positive outlook as it jumped from 59.3 to 71.5 in August. The big question for the coming months is how much the second wave of the epidemic will slow down European economies. In China, it is already believed that the virus has been defeated, as photos can already be seen of Chinese people having pool parties without any means of protection in the province from which the virus has spread world wide. Chinese economic data, like US and European data, show an improving trend. Both exports and economic output continued to grow in August, while retail sales declined. This suggests that the Chinese people are also afraid of another wave and are not spending as they used to. In Hungary, the MNB did not change the key interest rate level at its August meeting. After strengthening in July, the forint started to weaken again against the euro. The fund had a negative return in August but outperformed its benchmark. In August, we closed the position in the banking sector, which was significantly overweight, and built an overweight position in more defensive securities. The fund was underweight in the retail and aviation sectors over the past month. It is overweight in the gold sector, and we also started to take positions against the Turkish lira this month.

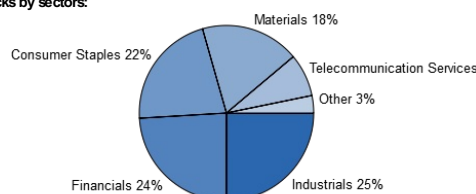
ASSET ALLOCATION OF THE FUND ON 08/31/2020

Asset type	Weight
International equities	85.11 %
Current account	15.04 %
Receivables	0.49 %
Liabilities	-0.20 %
Market value of open derivative positions total	-0.43 %
Derivative products	100.00 %
Net corrected leverage	100.00 %

Assets with over 10% weight

KOZAL

Stocks by sectors:



RISK INDICATORS FOR THE LAST 12 MONTHS:

Annualized standard deviation of the fund's weekly yields:	37.91 %
Annualized standard deviation of the benchmark's weekly yields:	36.78 %
WAM (Weighted Average Maturity):	0.00 years
WAL (Weighted Average Life):	0.00 years

INVESTMENT HORIZON:

Suggested minimum investment period:

<input type="checkbox"/> 3 months	<input type="checkbox"/> 6 months	<input type="checkbox"/> 1 year	<input type="checkbox"/> 2 years	<input type="checkbox"/> 3 years	<input type="checkbox"/> 4 years	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 5 years
Risk and Reward Profile:						
<input type="checkbox"/> very low	<input type="checkbox"/> low	<input type="checkbox"/> moderate	<input type="checkbox"/> intermediate	<input type="checkbox"/> significant	<input type="checkbox"/> high	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> very high