

# Aegon IstanBull Equity Fund institutional series

## GENERAL INFORMATION

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| Fund Manager:                            | AEGON Hungary Fund Manager Ltd.              |
| Custodian:                               | Citibank Europe plc Magyarországi Fióktelepe |
| Main distributor:                        | AEGON Hungary Fund Manager Ltd.              |
| Benchmark composition:                   | 95% TR20I Index + 5% ZMAX Index              |
| ISIN code:                               | HU0000709522                                 |
| Start:                                   | 01/03/2011                                   |
| Currency:                                | HUF  |
| Total Net Asset Value of the whole Fund: | 4,610,624,100 HUF                            |
| Net Asset Value of institutional series: | 1,317,704,677 HUF                            |
| Net Asset Value per unit:                | 1.642032 HUF                                 |

## INVESTMENT POLICY OF THE FUND:

The fund aims to share in the yields of the Turkish equity market, and to profit from Turkey's economic growth through share price gains and dividend income. Given the risk profiles of the equity investments, the fund is classified as a high-risk investment. The fund manager's intentions are that the fund's portfolio should consist predominantly of the publicly traded shares of foreign-domiciled companies. The primary investment targets are the stock exchange-traded shares of companies that maintain an active presence in Turkey, or that generate a substantial proportion of their revenues in the Turkish market. When building the fund's portfolio, beyond the minimum statutory requirements, the principles of safety and maximum diversification (the spreading of risk) are observed. The fund management company, exercising all due care, determines the means of utilising the fund's resources on the basis of its own judgement and decisions, while observing the relevant legal provisions and the limitations stipulated in the Fund Documentation and by taking into account the macroeconomic environment of the investment markets, relying primarily on fundamental analysis. When compiling the portfolio, it is shares that determine the nature of the fund, and thus the proportion of shares that may be held in the fund at any given moment may reach the prevailing statutory maximum. When determining the weights, within the equity investments, of shares traded in the Turkish market, we aim to ensure that the fund - in line with our expectations with regard to future risks and yields - achieves its objective, which is to outperform the benchmark advertised by the fund, over the longer term. The fund records its assets in forint; the fund management company may, at its own discretion, choose to hedge all or a part of its currency risks with forward currency positions, in compliance with the applicable statutory requirements. Under the current legislation the proportion of shares in the portfolio may be up to 100%.

## DISTRIBUTORS

Aegon Magyarország Befektetési Alapkezelő Zrt., Raiffeisen Bank Zrt., Unicredit Bank Hungary Zrt.

## NET YIELD PERFORMANCE OF THE SERIES:

| Interval   | Yield of note | Benchmark yield |
|------------|---------------|-----------------|
| From start | -4.92 %       | -6.13 %         |
| 2017       | 19.55 %       | 18.55 %         |
| 2016       | -6.27 %       | -4.78 %         |
| 2015       | -22.42 %      | -25.86 %        |
| 2014       | 41.08 %       | 38.57 %         |
| 2013       | -29.11 %      | -28.22 %        |
| 2012       | 52.45 %       | 48.47 %         |

## NET PERFORMANCE OF THE SERIES

### NET ASSET VALUE PER SHARE, 12/01/2017 - 11/30/2018



— Aegon IstanBull Equity Fund institutional series — Benchmark

Past performance is no guarantee of future results. This report should not be considered as an offer or investment advisory. The Fund Prospectus contains the detailed conditions of the investment. The distribution costs of the fund purchase can be found at the distributors.

## INVESTMENT HORIZON:

Suggested minimum investment period:



Risk and Reward Profile:



## MARKET SUMMARY:

In November, main equity indices closed in the positive territory and the emerging markets managed to outperform the developed market equities for the first time since March, while Hungarian stocks were able to achieve higher returns than their regional counterparts. However, oil price suffered its worst month of the past 10 years. The biggest problem for oil is the slowing demand in parallel with the explosion of shale production in the US, thus the investors are afraid of sudden over-supply.

At the end of the month, Jerome Powell gave the last boost for the equities with his announcement, according to his statement they are close to achieving the neutral interest rate, which gave momentum for the equity asset class.

In early November, the US midterm election was in the limelight of the markets, the result was the same that the consensus expected. The Democrats regained the House of Representatives for the first time in eight years but the majority of Republicans remained in the Senate.

At the end of the month, all the attention was paid to the G20 summit, eminently to the Trump-Xi meeting. The talks between the two leaders ended with a ceasefire, which resulted in a 90-day intensive reconciliation period to resolve the conflict between them and the introduction of new tariffs in January has been also postponed. The markets were pleased to see the trade war fears softened, which also helped the stocks' performance.

Some good news emerged in Europe as well, the Italian government showed willingness to compromise in the question of the budget deficit, according to the news the next year's budget deficit can be reduced to 2%.

In addition, we have received significant impulses in connection with Brexit last month. On the one hand, the text of the agreement on the Brexit conditionality system was completed and the EU and Britain agreed on the framework for coexistence after Brexit. However, the parliamentary vote on the first Brexit law will be on December 11 but according to consensus, the British Parliament will not go through the agreement.

The fund reached good performance in November but slightly underperformed its reference index. We held slightly underweighted positions in the banking sector which detracted somewhat from the monthly achievement because of the better performance of the sector. Nevertheless, after the rise in the banking papers we reduced their weights in the fund; in the non-banking sectors we can see much better earnings growth and the economic slowdown has a negative impact on credit portfolios and the rate of non-performing loans, thus we bought off-benchmark, more defensive papers instead. The last inflation data was better than market expectations, so monetary policy has become more uncertain among market participants. The benchmark index of the fund will change from mid-December to move to 100% MSCI Turkey 10/40 net total return index.

## ASSET ALLOCATION OF THE FUND ON 11/30/2018

| Asset type             | Weight   |
|------------------------|----------|
| International equities | 91.67 %  |
| Current account        | 5.96 %   |
| Receivables            | 3.88 %   |
| Liabilities            | -1.49 %  |
| total                  | 100.00 % |
| Derivative products    | 0.00 %   |
| Net corrected leverage | 100.00 % |

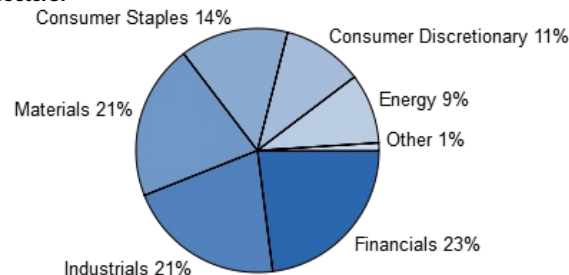
## TOP 5 POSITIONS

BIRLESIK MAGAZALAR  
Turk Hava Yollari  
TURKIYE GARANTI BANKASI  
TUPRAS  
AKBANK T.S.A

## Assets with over 10% weight

BIRLESIK MAGAZALAR

## Stocks by sectors:



## RISK INDICATORS FOR THE LAST 12 MONTHS:

Annualized standard deviation of the fund's weekly yields: 44.84 %  
Annualized standard deviation of the benchmark's weekly yields: 41.33 %