# **Aegon Climate Change Equity Fund EUR** series

# GENERAL INFORMATION

Fund Manager: AEGON Hungary Fund Manager Ltd. Custodian: Unicredit Bank Hungary Zrt. Main distributor: AEGON Hungary Fund Manager Ltd.

95% Solactive Climate Change Index + 5% Euro Cash Indices Benchmark composition:

LIBOR Total Return 1 Month

HU0000705520 ISIN code: Start: 07/09/2007 Currency **EUR** 

Total Net Asset Value of the 4,079,823 EUR

Net Asset Value of EUR

whole Fund:

1,035,938 EUR

series Net Asset Value per unit: 0.009536 FUR

## INVESTMENT POLICY OF THE FUND:

The aim of the fund is to profit from the return on climate change-related equity market investments. through share price gains and dividend income. Given the risk profiles of the equity investments, the fund is classified as a high-risk investment. The fund manager's intentions are that the fund's portfolio should consist predominantly of the publicly traded shares of foreign-domiciled companies. The primary investment targets are the securities of companies that earn most of their revenues from exploiting the business opportunities arising from global climate change (environmental management, energy efficiency, clean technologies etc.), harnessing alternative resources (renewable energy, water management, agricultural chemistry etc.) and from agricultural activity (biotechnology, animal husbandry, fish farming, agricultural technology, etc.). When building the fund's portfolio, beyond the minimum statutory requirements, the principles of safety and maximum diversification (the spreading of risk) are observed. Accordingly, the fund primarily buys publicly issued foreign equities that are listed on foreign stock exchanges, and secondarily, it may also invest in shares issued by Hungarian companies. In order to achieve its aim, the fund can hold collective investment vehicles and ETFs in its portfolio. The fund management company, exercising all due care, determines the means of utilising the fund's resources on the basis of its own judgement and decisions, while observing the relevant legal provisions and the limitations stipulated in the Fund Documentation and by taking into account the macroeconomic environment of the investment markets, relying primarily on fundamental analysis. When compiling the portfolio, it is shares that determine the nature of the fund, and thus the proportion of shares that may be held in the fund at any given moment may reach the prevailing statutory maximum. The proportions, within the equity investments, of subsectors related to climate change, alternative energy sources and agricultural activity are determined so as to ensure that the fund - in line with our expectations with regard to future risks and yields - fulfils its objective, which is to outperform the thematic global sector index selected as the benchmark over the longer term. The fund records its assets in euro; the fund management company may, at its own discretion, choose to hedge all or a part of its currency risks with forward currency positions, in compliance with the applicable statutory requirements.

egon Magyarország Befektetési Alapkezelő Zrt., Aegon Towarzystwo Ubezpieczen na Zycie Spolka, Aegon Životná poisťovňa, a.s., Codex Tőzsdeügynökség és Értéktár Zrt., Commerzbank Zrt., CONCORDE Értékoapír Zrt., Erste Befektetési Zrt., Raiffeisen Bank Zrt., SCAegon ASIGURARI DE VIATA SA, Takarékbank Zrt, Unicredit Bank Hungary Zrt

# NET YIELD PERFORMANCE OF THE SERIES:

Interval	Yield of note	Benchmark yield
From start	-0.43 %	0.65 %
2017	4.45 %	5.75 %
2016	-2.25 %	
2015	6.77 %	
2014	16.49 %	
2013	22.72 %	
2012	9.63 %	
2011	-27.12 %	
2010	17.52 %	
2009	24.39 %	
2008	-49.78 %	
NET REPERBUANCE OF	TI E OFFICE	



## Aegon Climate Change Equity Fund EUR series ---- Benchmark

Past performance is no guarantee of future results. This report should not be considered as an offer or investment advisory. The Fund Prospectus contains the detailed conditions of the investment. The distribution costs of the fund

## MARKET SUMMARY

During July, a slight increase was observable in the price of the main equity indices; both developed and emerging markets managed to increase their value, moreover the US NASDAQ index hit a new historical peak. The second quarterly flash report season started last month, thus market movements were influenced not only by the "trade war" but also by the results of companies. Facebook's shares fell more than 20% after publishing its results because the number of users of the social media site grew less than analysts' expectations.

At the beginning of the month, the "trade war" between Washington and Beijing came to a new level after the tariffs that affect more than 800 Chinese products worth \$34 billion came into effect, in addition, Donald Trump continued to say that the final amount could reach \$550 billion. Nevertheless, by the end of the month the tension decreased, after the Trump-Juncker meeting in Washington ended with the approach of positions that reduced trade-war fears.

In July, Donald Trumo and Vladimir Putin met in Helsinki, which was closed without any substantial progress but Trump's contradictory statements made a big turmoil in the American politics.

In Turkey, new negative news have emerged, which put pressure on the performance of the Turkish equity market. In the middle of the month, Fitch downgraded Turkish debt rating to "BB", outlook negative, moreover, the Turkish central bank left the interest rates unchanged, bucking market expectations and causing further lira weakening.

The British people started to lose faith in the success of the May-led Brexit negotiation, which is further enhanced by the resignation of Boris Johnson and David Davis, the Mnister of Foreign Affairs and the Brexit Secretary. Although the British Parliament voted for Theresa May's Brexit plan but the EU has rejected May Brexit's proposal.

In July, investors realized profit in the oil market, after the US government is willing to negotiate with Iran's oil buyers about the zero oil import from November. Furthermore, OPECS (Organization of the Petroleum Exporting Countries) oil production in July hit a new yearly high and grew to 32.64 million barrels a day, which put also pressure on the price of oil.

The fund closed in the black in July due to the good performance of all the sectors. The water. renewable energy and waste indices were the best performers, while the agricultural and the utility sectors were the weakest; however their positive yield also contributed to the fund's performance.

## ASSET ALLOCATION OF THE FUND ON 07/31/2018

Asset type	Weight
International equities	96.79 %
Current account	6.32 %
Liabilities	-3.34 %
Receivables	0.25 %
total	100,00 %
Derivative products	0.00 %
Net corrected leverage	100.00 %

# **TOP 5 POSITIONS**

Waste Connections Inc Waste Management DowDuPont Inc

ARCHER-DANIELS-MIDLAND

E. On

# Assets with over 10% weight

There is no such instrument in the portfolio

Stocks by countries:



# RISK INDICATORS FOR THE LAST 12 MONTHS:

Annualized standard deviation of the fund's weekly yields: Annualized standard deviation of the benchmark's weekly yields: 10.46 %

Suggested minimum investment period:	
Suggested minimum investment period.	
3 months 6 months 1 year 2 years 3 years 4 years	5 years
Risk and Reward Profile:	
very low low moderate intermediate significant high	very high