

Aegon International Bond Fund

GENERAL INFORMATION

Fund Manager:	AEGON Hungary Fund Manager Ltd.
Custodian:	Citibank Europe plc Magyarország Fióktelepe
Main distributor:	AEGON Hungary Fund Manager Ltd.
Benchmark composition:	80% Merrill Lynch Global Government Bond Index II ex-Japan USD (total return) + 20% ZMAX Index
ISIN code:	HU0000702477
Start:	04/21/1999
Currency:	HUF
Total Net Asset Value of the whole Fund:	1,207,872,288 HUF
Net Asset Value of HUF series:	1,207,872,288 HUF
Net Asset Value per unit:	1.976906 HUF

INVESTMENT POLICY OF THE FUND:

The fund aims to create an explicitly defensive investment portfolio for its investors, and typically invests in developed-market government bonds, and related exchange-traded derivative transactions, in the interest of achieving the highest possible return with the assumption of currency risk. The fund primarily aims for a portfolio consisting of the publicly issued bonds of foreign governments and foreign-domiciled companies. When building the fund's portfolio, beyond the minimum statutory requirements, the principles of safety and maximum diversification (the spreading of risk) are observed. Accordingly, when purchasing international securities the fund only selects publicly issued securities that are listed on foreign stock exchanges. The proportion of non-investment-grade securities is maintained at a low level, and if the planned ratio is overstepped due to the downgrading of a given issuer the fund restores it under the conditions stipulated by the relevant legal provisions. The fund management company, exercising all due care, based on its own judgement and decisions, and while observing the relevant legal provisions and the limitations stipulated in the Fund Documentation, determines the means of utilising the fund's resources, and the weights of the various investments within the portfolio, with a view to ensuring that the fund - in line with our expectations with regard to future risks and returns - achieves its objective in the long term. In the course of its operation, however, the fund is managed on the premise that when compiling the portfolio, it is bonds that determine the nature of the fund. Accordingly, the proportion of bonds that may be kept in the fund at any given moment may reach the prevailing statutory maximum. When compiling the bond portfolio, taking into account the macroeconomic environment of the investment markets, the aim is to build up a long-term investment portfolio primarily on the basis of fundamental analyses. To ensure liquidity, the fund may purchase Hungarian government securities (primarily discount treasury bills) and MNB bonds; however, in accordance with the current statutory regulations the proportion of foreign bonds in the portfolio may be up to 100%. The fund management company is permitted, at its own discretion, to hedge all or a part of its currency risks with forward currency positions, in compliance with the statutory conditions.

DISTRIBUTORS

Aegon Magyarország Befektetési Alapkezelő Zrt., CIB Bank Zrt., Codex Tőzsdéügynökség és Értéktár Zrt., CONCORDE Értékpapír Zrt., Equilor Befektetési Zrt, Erste Befektetési Zrt., Raiffeisen Bank Zrt., Takarékbank Zrt, Unicredit Bank Hungary Zrt.

NET PERFORMANCE OF THE FUND

NET ASSET VALUE PER SHARE, 07/01/2017 - 06/30/2018



— Aegon International Bond Fund — Benchmark

Past performance is no guarantee of future results. This report should not be considered as an offer or investment advisory. The Fund Prospectus contains the detailed conditions of the investment. The distribution costs of the fund purchase can be found at the distributors.

RISK INDICATORS FOR THE LAST 12 MONTHS:

Annualized standard deviation of the fund's weekly yields:	5.49 %
Annualized standard deviation of the benchmark's weekly yields:	5.57 %

INVESTMENT HORIZON:

Suggested minimum investment period:



Risk and Reward Profile:



MARKET SUMMARY:

One of the key features of the global economy in 2017 was the synchronized growth across DM and EMeconomies. While this trend was largely expected to continue this year, the Euro area and Japan registered important deceleration in sequential growth terms during Q1 '18 (+1.6% and -0.6%QoQ, saar, respectively) that left the US as the only major DMeconomy still displaying steady above-potential growth (+2.2%). There is now a degree of safe haven bias back into the market once more, with bond yields falling. The German 10 year Bund yield is at a five week low (30bp as of June 29, 2018 comparing to 39bp as of June 1st) whilst US Treasury yields are also lower at 2.86% versus 2.90% as of June 29 and June 1, respectively. EM FX fell 1.6% while the Dollar index was +0.6% and EURUSD was -0.7%. Energy saw an upbeat month with WTI crude up 10.6% and Brent up 1.9%. WTI closed at USD74.15/bbl at month-end. Oil prices rallied on a bullish set of API and DoE inventory stats and Iran sanctions. Aluminium was the worst performer. Coal prices on the contrary saw another month of rising prices. Gold fell another 3.5% to USD1,253/oz amid a strong US Dollar. We doubled our long position in long-term German government bonds.

ASSET ALLOCATION OF THE FUND ON 06/30/2018

Asset type	Weight
Government bonds	71.05 %
Corporate bonds	14.25 %
T-bills	11.99 %
Current account	3.44 %
Liabilities	-1.77 %
Receivables	1.05 %
total	100.00 %
Derivative products	55.08 %
Net corrected leverage	110.76 %

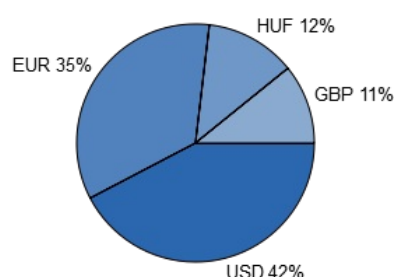
TOP 5 POSITIONS

USGB 2042/02 3,125% (Amerikai Egyesült Államok)
USGB 2022/08 1,625% (Amerikai Egyesült Államok)
UKGB 2025/03 5% (Egyesült Királyság)
D190227 (Államadósság Kezelő Központ Zrt.)
USGB 2031/02 5,375% (Amerikai Egyesült Államok)

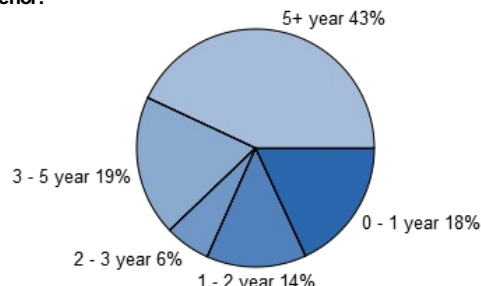
Assets with over 10%weight

USGB 2042/02 3,125% (Amerikai Egyesült Államok)
USGB 2022/08 1,625% (Amerikai Egyesült Államok)
UKGB 2025/03 5% (Egyesült Királyság)

Currency exposure:



Bonds by tenor:



NET YIELD PERFORMANCE OF THE FUND:

Interval	Yield of note	Benchmark yield
From start	3.61 %	4.35 %
2017	-5.90 %	-4.07 %
2016	1.07 %	2.24 %
2015	3.72 %	4.09 %
2014	21.94 %	22.76 %
2013	-3.51 %	-4.21 %
2012	-2.48 %	-3.23 %
2011	19.06 %	17.60 %
2010	6.45 %	10.65 %
2009	3.56 %	-0.17 %
2008	7.24 %	15.18 %