# **Aegon Polish Equity Fund HUF** series



### GENERAL INFORMATION

Benchmark composition:

Fund Manager: AEGON Hungary Fund Manager Ltd. Custodian:

Unicredit Bank Hungary Zrt.

Main distributor: AEGON Hungary Fund Manager Ltd. 60% WIG-20 Index + 35% WIG-40 Index + 5%

WIBOR 3M Index

HU0000710843 ISIN code: 01/03/2012 Start:

HUF Currency:

Total Net Asset Value of the 128,012,752 PLN whole Fund:

Net Asset Value of HUF series: 798.308.986 HUF 1.397720 HUF Net Asset Value per unit:

### INVESTMENT POLICY OF THE FUND:

The fund aims to share in the yields of the Polish equity market, and to profit from Poland's economic growth through share price gains and dividend income. Given the risk profiles of the equity investments, the fund is classified as a high-risk investment. The fund manager's intentions are that the fund's portfolio should consist predominantly of the publicly traded shares of foreign-domiciled companies. The fund's primary investment targets are the exchange-traded securities of companies that are active in Poland or that generate the bulk of their revenues there, or whose shares are listed on the Warsaw Stock Exchange. The fund may also invest in the shares of other Central and Eastern European corporations. These are listed as Austria, the Czech Republic, Hungary, Russia, Romania and Turkey, although the portfolio will always chiefly consist of the shares of companies listed on the Warsaw Stock Exchange. When building the fund's portfolio, beyond the minimum statutory requirements, the principles of safety and maximum diversification (the spreading of risk) are observed. Accordingly, only publicly issued securities listed or in the process of being listed on the stock exchange will be purchased as equity investments. The fund management company, exercising all due care, determines the means of utilising the fund's resources on the basis of its own judgement and decisions, while observing the relevant legal provisions and the limitations stipulated in the Fund Documentation and by taking into account the macroeconomic environment of the investment markets, relying primarily on fundamental analysis. When compiling the portfolio, it is shares that determine the nature of the fund, and thus the proportion of shares that may be held in the fund at any given moment may reach the prevailing statutory maximum. The weights of the shares within the portfolio are determined so as to ensure that the fund - in line with our expectations with regard to future risks and yields - achieves its objective, which is to outperform the benchmark advertised by the fund, over the longer term. The fund holds more than 30% of its assets in a currency other than the domestic currency (HUF). In accordance with the current legislation, the proportion of shares in the portfolio may be up to 100%.

### DISTRIBUTORS

Aegon Magyarország Befektetési Alapkezelő Zrt., CONCORDE Értékpapír Zrt., Raiffeisen Bank Zrt

## NET YIELD PERFORMANCE OF THE SERIES:

Interval	Yield of note	Benchmark yield
From start	5.44 %	4.00 %
2017	28.61 %	28.15 %
2016	6.87 %	4.66 %
2015	-11.01 %	-12.48 %
2014	1.62 %	1.10 %
2013	-0.37 %	-1.33 %

# NET PERFORMANCE OF THE SERIES

### 1.60 1.57 1.55 1.52 1.50 1.47 1.45 1.42 1.40 1.37 1.35 2017.05.30. 2017.07.24. 2017.09.15. 2017.11.09. 2018.01.05. 2018.02.27.

NET ASSET VALUE PER SHARE 05/01/2017 - 04/30/2018

#### -- Aegon Polish Equity Fund HUF series --- Benchmark

Past performance is no quarantee of future results. This report should not be considered as an offer or investment advisory. The Fund Prospectus contains the detailed conditions of the investment. The distribution costs of the fund purchase can be found at the distributors

### RISK INDICATORS FOR THE LAST 12 MONTHS

Annualized standard deviation of the fund's weekly yields: Annualized standard deviation of the benchmark's weekly yields: 12.54 %

### MARKET SUMMARY:

At the beginning of April, the US market hit a new low this year, the so-called 3T ("Trade-war, Trump and the sustainability of the Technology sector's pricing) was in the limelight of the investors but overall the US equity market could rise somewhat by the end of the month, while the European equity market managed to increase its value by 5%.

Numerous geopolitical tensions emerged and intensified in the last month. China and America continued to deal with trade war, America has launched a rocket attack in Syria to destroy chemical weapons capacities and the markets have been observed by the possible US termination of the Iranian nuclear agreement as well. In addition, in April, the United States announced new sanctions against Russia after the Americans presumed that the Russians had influenced the outcome of the 2016 election. The sanctions were directed against Russian oligarchs, large corporations and politicians but mostly Oleg Gyeripaszka, billionaire's interests were hit. As a result of the news, the Russian index suffered a drop of more than 10% in one day but investors also sold European stocks with significant Russian exposure. By the end of the month, the Russian market managed to rebound somewhat in accordance with the easing of the sanctions but the Rubel suffered a significant weakening against the Dollar.

In April, the Dollar appreciated against the Euro as well and the EURUSD cross managed to break out from its flat trend channel. The strengthening was explained by the Dollar's significant interest advantage, by the monetary policy divergence and the emerged euro-long positioning. In addition, the US 10-year yield reached a 5-year high and an important psychological level, the 3% thus yielding growth could also boost the US currency.

The oil prices managed to hit a 4-year high in April, after the investors priced the possible US termination of the Iranian nuclear agreement and the OPEC's (Organization of the Petroleum Exporting Countries) oil-mining has fallen to a yearly low.

In April, within the Polish market the large cap papers significantly outperformed compared to the mid- and small-caps. Regarding the sectors, the best performance was achieved by the oil&gas and energy sector, while the construction sector proved to be the weakest last month. The best performing company in the month was CD Projekt, CCC and PGN, the fund had overweighted positions in the latter two papers, which contributed positively to the performance. One of the most important news on the Polish market is around GetBack, the company is struggling with financial problems, it can not repay its bonds, so it was asking for bankruptcy-defence in April.

### ASSET ALLOCATION OF THE FUND ON 04/30/2018

Asset type	Weight
International equities	93.94 %
Current account	5.84 %
Receivables	0.29 %
Liabilities	-0.05 %
total	100,00 %
Derivative products	0.00 %
Net corrected leverage	100.00 %

## **TOP 5 POSITIONS**

PKO Bank

POWSZECHNY ZAKŁAD UBEZPIECZEŃ

Polski Koncern Naftowy

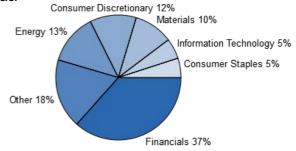
Bank Pekao SA

CD PROJECT RED

# Assets with over 10% weight

There is no such instrument in the portfolio

Stocks by sectors:



		Finalicials 37 /6						
INVESTIV	IENT HORIZO	N:						
Suggested minimum investment period:								
3 months	6 months	1 year	2 years	3 years	4 years	5 years		
Risk and Re	ward Profile:							
very low	low	moderate	intermediate	significant	high	very high		
VEI Y IOW	IOW	IIIDUEI AIE	incinediale	Signillant	nign	very myn		

