

Aegon Climate Change Equity Fund HUF series

GENERAL INFORMATION

Fund Manager:	AEGON Hungary Fund Manager Ltd.
Custodian:	Unicredit Bank Hungary Zrt.
Main distributor:	AEGON Hungary Fund Manager Ltd.
Benchmark composition:	95% Solactive Climate Change Index + 5% Euro Cash Indices LIBOR Total Return 1 Month
ISIN code:	HU0000707195
Start:	09/05/2008
Currency:	HUF
Total Net Asset Value of the whole Fund:	4,080,476 EUR
Net Asset Value of HUF series:	859,733,843 HUF
Net Asset Value per unit:	1.162743 HUF

INVESTMENT POLICY OF THE FUND:

The aim of the fund is to profit from the return on climate change-related equity market investments, through share price gains and dividend income. Given the risk profiles of the equity investments, the fund is classified as a high-risk investment. The fund manager's intentions are that the fund's portfolio should consist predominantly of the publicly traded shares of foreign-domiciled companies. The primary investment targets are the securities of companies that earn most of their revenues from exploiting the business opportunities arising from global climate change (environmental management, energy efficiency, clean technologies etc.), harnessing alternative resources (renewable energy, water management, agricultural chemistry etc.) and from agricultural activity (biotechnology, animal husbandry, fish farming, agricultural technology, etc.). When building the fund's portfolio, beyond the minimum statutory requirements, the principles of safety and maximum diversification (the spreading of risk) are observed. Accordingly, the fund primarily buys publicly issued foreign equities that are listed on foreign stock exchanges, and secondarily, it may also invest in shares issued by Hungarian companies. In order to achieve its aim, the fund can hold collective investment vehicles and ETFs in its portfolio. The fund management company, exercising all due care, determines the means of utilising the fund's resources on the basis of its own judgement and decisions, while observing the relevant legal provisions and the limitations stipulated in the Fund Documentation and by taking into account the macroeconomic environment of the investment markets, relying primarily on fundamental analysis. When compiling the portfolio, it is shares that determine the nature of the fund, and thus the proportion of shares that may be held in the fund at any given moment may reach the prevailing statutory maximum. The proportions, within the equity investments, of subsectors related to climate change, alternative energy sources and agricultural activity are determined so as to ensure that the fund - in line with our expectations with regard to future risks and yields - fulfils its objective, which is to outperform the thematic global sector index selected as the benchmark over the longer term. The fund records its assets in euro; the fund management company may, at its own discretion, choose to hedge all or a part of its currency risks with forward currency positions, in compliance with the applicable statutory requirements.

DISTRIBUTORS

Aegon Magyarország Befektetési Alapkezelő Zrt., CIB Bank Zrt., CONCORDE Értékpapír Zrt., Erste Befektetési Zrt., OTP Bank Nyrt., Raiffeisen Bank Zrt., SPB Befektetési Zrt., Takarékbank Zrt., Unicredit Bank Hungary Zrt.

NET YIELD PERFORMANCE OF THE SERIES:

Interval	Yield of note	Benchmark yield
From start	3.00 %	9.26 %
2017	4.16 %	5.45 %
2016	-2.88 %	-0.97 %
2015	6.18 %	8.00 %
2014	23.34 %	25.80 %
2013	25.26 %	26.61 %
2012	2.71 %	2.87 %
2011	-18.65 %	4.95 %
2010	20.95 %	20.56 %
2009	27.24 %	31.06 %

NET PERFORMANCE OF THE SERIES

NET ASSET VALUE PER SHARE, 04/01/2017 - 03/31/2018



----- Aegon Climate Change Equity Fund HUF series ----- Benchmark

Past performance is no guarantee of future results. This report should not be considered as an offer or investment advisory. The Fund Prospectus contains the detailed conditions of the investment. The distribution costs of the fund purchase can be found at the distributors.

MARKET SUMMARY:

The markets in March were characterised by high volatility, although the main equity indices managed to rebound in the first part of the month, but they lost momentum and closed slightly below their last month's closing prices. The negative sentiment induced by the Facebook's data-spying scandal spread to the whole technology sector, thus the investors sold the papers with high pricing that was catalysed further by the fact that Trump targeted Amazon, it resulted an all-time drop among the FANG (Facebook, Amazon, Netflix, Google) papers.

In March, the markets were focused mostly on the case of the "trade-war", after Donald Trump had signed the tariff order on steel and aluminium imports. Furthermore, 60 billion Dollar tariff was imposed on Chinese goods, while China answered with retaliatory tariffs worth 3 billion dollars against US.

In the middle of the month, favourable American labour market data were published, it reflected to a strong economic growth, and there was not a big pressure on the wages, which had a positive effect on the equity market, thus the Nasdaq index managed to close at a new all-time high level.

In line with the expectations, the FED raised the base rate by 25 basis points, while the FOMC members still predict 3 interest rate hikes this year. The Euro managed to strengthen slightly against the Dollar in March, thus the EURUSD rate closed at 1.23 level.

Main changes were taken place among the American President's members, in the first part of the month, Gary Cohn, the Top Economic Advisor, announced his resignation (maybe due to the import tariffs), while Rex Tillerson, the Minister of Foreign Affairs, was fired by Trump.

In Europe, Parliamentary Elections were held in Italy but none of the Parties managed to gain absolute majority, while Five Star Movement won the most votes. Russia also went through presidential elections, just as expected Putin won with 76% of the votes, thus he remains the President for the oncoming 6 years. Tension escalated in Europe, when Theresa May accused Russia of being behind the poison attack, which caused diplomats expels in the Western-World, thus affected negatively the Russian assets.

Good news came from North-Korea in March, when Kim Jong-Un decided on giving up nuclear weapons, and held a historical non-official meeting in Beijing, furthermore he is believed to meet Trump.

Crude oil price managed to climb in March thanks to the declining of the outputs in Venezuela, meanwhile the API (American Petroleum Institute) predicted also a decrease in supply, and the investors also priced the abandon of the Iranian nuclear deal.

The fund closed the month in the red, due the fall of the waste, renewable and agricultural indices. Although the water and utility sectors rose in March but this could not compensate the weaker performance of the other sectors.

ASSET ALLOCATION OF THE FUND ON 03/31/2018

Asset type	Weight
International equities	96.50 %
Current account	3.72 %
Liabilities	-0.22 %
Receivables	0.09 %
total	100.00 %
Derivative products	0.00 %
Net corrected leverage	100.00 %

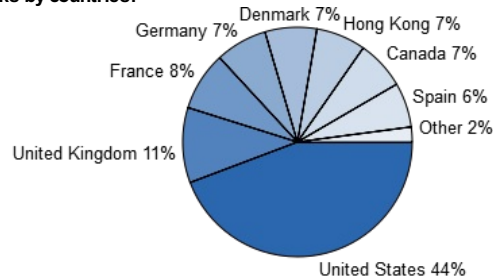
TOP 5 POSITIONS

Nutrien Ltd
Waste Management
Monsanto Co
ENGIE
E. On

Assets with over 10%weight

There is no such instrument in the portfolio

Stocks by countries:



RISK INDICATORS FOR THE LAST 12 MONTHS:

Annualized standard deviation of the fund's weekly yields: 10.88 %

Annualized standard deviation of the benchmark's weekly yields: 10.75 %

INVESTMENT HORIZON:

Suggested minimum investment period:

☐ 3 months ☐ 6 months ☐ 1 year ☐ 2 years ☒ 3 years ☐ 4 years ☐ 5 years

Risk and Reward Profile:

☐ very low ☐ low ☐ moderate ☐ intermediate ☒ significant ☐ high ☐ very high