Aegon International Equity Fund HUF series

GENERAL INFORMATION

Main distributor:

ISIN code:

Start:

Fund Manager: AEGON Hungary Fund Manager Ltd. Custodian: Citibank Europe plc Magyarországi Fióktelepe

AEGON Hungary Fund Manager Ltd.

47.5% S&P 500 INDEX+47.5% STOXX50 Index+5% Benchmark composition:

RMAX Index HU0000702485 04/21/1999

Currency Total Net Asset Value of the whole

13,655,040,189 HUF Net Asset Value of HUF series: 3,571,979,662 HUF Net Asset Value per unit: 1.412794 HUF

INVESTMENT POLICY OF THE FUND:

The fund aims to profit from the return on global equity market investments, through share price gains and dividend income. The bulk of its portfolio is made up of the publicly listed shares of foreign companies. When building the fund's portfolio, beyond the minimum statutory requirements, the principles of safety and maximum diversification (the spreading of risk) are observed. Accordingly, the fund primarily buys publicly issued foreign securities that are listed on foreign stock exchanges, and secondarily, it may also invest in shares issued by Hungarian companies. The fund management company, exercising all due care, based on its own judgement and decisions, and while observing the relevant legal provisions and the limitations stipulated in the Fund Documentation, determines the means of utilising the fund's resources, and the weights of the various investments within the portfolio, with a view to ensuring that the fund - in line with our expectations with regard to future risks and returns - achieves its objective in the long term. However, the fund is managed on the premise that when compiling the portfolio, it is shares that determine the nature of the fund. Accordingly, the proportion of shares that may be kept in the fund at any given moment may reach the prevailing statutory maximum. The fund management company is permitted, at its own discretion, to hedge all or a part of its currency risks with forward currency positions, in compliance with the statutory requirements. When compiling the share portfolio, taking into consideration the macroeconomic environment of the investment markets, the aim is to build up a long-term investment portfolio primarily on the basis of fundamental analyses. In accordance with the current legislation, the proportion of shares in the portfolio may be up to 100%.

Aegon Magyarország Befektetési Alapkezelő Zrt., CIB Bank Zrt., Codex Tőzsdeügynökség és Értéktár Zrt., CONCORDE Értékpapír Zrt., Equilor Befektetési Zrt, Erste Befektetési Zrt., Raiffeisen Bank Zrt., SPB Befektetési Zrt., Takarékbank Zrt, Unicredit Bank Hungary Zrt.

NET YIELD PERFORMANCE OF THE FUND:

Interval	Yield of note	Benchmark vield				
From start	1.87 %	4.59 %				
2016	4.75 %	4.31 %				
2015	4.57 %	6.48 %				
2014	19.63 %	20.20 %				
2013	18.29 %	21.22 %				
2012	3.13 %	3.60 %				
2011	-4.08 %	4.82 %				
2010	22.17 %	20.87 %				
2009	22.56 %	27.96 %				
2008	-40.88 %	-30.73 %				
2007	-4.24 %	0.94 %				
NET DETECTMANCE OF THE FLAD						



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Past performance is no guarantee of future results. This report should not be considered as an offer or investment advisory. The Fund Prospectus contains the detailed conditions of the investment. The distribution costs of the fund purchase can be found at the distributors

RISK INDICATORS FOR THE LAST 12 MONTHS:

Annualized standard deviation of the fund's weekly yields: Annualized standard deviation of the benchmark's weekly yields: 8.35 %

MARKET SUMMARY:

Overseas, the tax reform was in the limelight of the markets. At the beginning of the month, it was said that the start of the corporation tax cuts will be put off by 1 year and the Republican majority was also questionable, thus the American market has slumped somewhat. However, after the Senate accepted the draft of the tax reform, the market sentiment became better and the investors pulled the market to a new high level. In line with the expectations, Donald Trump has nominated Jerome Powel as the new chairman of the FED, it is expected that he will continue the current monetary policy. At the beginning of the month, the bank shares have plunged after the US yield curve continued to flatten, on the short side the interest rate rise, while on the long side the low inflation was priced in by the investors. At the end of the month, Powel highlighted that there is no need for further regulation of the financial sector and the existing rules should also be revised, it resulted a rise in the bank shares. There was a drop in the junk bond market in November, caused by the problems of the telecommunication companies, the accelerated outflow and the negative rumour of the issuance companies. In the month, North Korea has broken a two-month period of relative quiet by firing an intercontinental ballistic rocket.

November was a busy month in Europe, the German coalition talks has failed after the CDU/CSU could not agree with the Greens about several questions, but later Angela Merkel invited the German Social Democratic Party (SPD) to negotiate in the hope of forming a government. The first important Brexit agreement was born in November, according to the news, they agreed on the amount of the exit accounts, which could be somewhere between 45 and 55 billion Euros, the next critical issue is the question of the Irish / Northern Irish

The Euro strengthened against the Dollar in November, while the Euro was supported by the strong European PM and the positive turn in the German coalition negotiations, the dollar's exchange rate was driven by expectations of interest rate hikes.

There was a little drop in the market of the energy sector, because the Norwegian national Fund could rid of their oil and gas related exposures to reduce their dependence of the sector. Despite this news, the crude oil has closed a positive month, after the oil reserves have fallen and Russia and the OPEC have extended the daily 1.8 million barrel oil production cuts by the end of 2018.

In November, the American market outperformed compared to the European market. Overseas, the industrial, financial and utility sector performed well, while the technology and energy sector proved to be the weakest. Regarding the European exposure of the fund, the pharmaceutical and banking sectors are underweighted, while within the American exposure we continue to hold overweighted positions of the financial and energy sector.

ASSET ALLOCATION OF THE FUND ON 11/30/2017

Asset type	Weight
Collective securities	70.04 %
International equities	27.25 %
Current account	2.71 %
Receivables	0.05 %
Liabilities	-0.04 %
total	100,00 %
Derivative products	0.00 %
Net corrected leverage	100.00 %

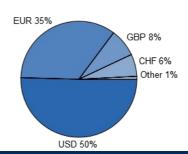
TOP 5 POSITIONS

Vanguard S&P500 ETF iShares Stoxx Europe 50 ETF I Shares S&P 500 Index Fund SPDR S&P 500 ETF (USD) iShares SP500 Value ETF

Assets with over 10% weight

Vanguard S&P500 ETF iShares Stoxx Europe 50 ETF I Shares S&P 500 Index Fund

Currency exposure:



II AA FOI II		14				
Suggested	minimum ir	vestment	period:			
3 months	6 months	1 year	2 years	3 years	4 years	5 years
Risk and R	eward Profil	e:				
very law	low	moderate	intermediate	significant	high	very high