

Aegon Bessa Derivative Fund

GENERAL INFORMATION

Fund Manager:	AEGON Hungary Fund Manager Ltd.
Custodian:	Unicredit Bank Hungary Zrt.
Main distributor:	AEGON Hungary Fund Manager Ltd.
Current capital protection period:	01/03/2017 - 01/02/2018
Capital protection::	0.008891 PLN
ISIN code:	HU0000705728
Start:	09/04/2007
Currency:	PLN
Total Net Asset Value of the whole Fund:	6,036,531 PLN
Net Asset Value of PLN series:	6,036,531 PLN
Net Asset Value per unit:	0.009446 PLN

INVESTMENT POLICY OF THE FUND:

The aim of the fund is to provide an alternative solution for those investors who are expecting a decline of the share prices on the Polish Stock Market. In case of declining share prices by its WIG20 short future exposure the fund ensures that the investor will get extra return on his investment. If the fund manager expects that the stock markets will go up than he reduces the option position, but if he sees higher risk in the stock markets than he will buy more put options for the WIG20 Index. Since the capital protection allows the fund manager to buy only limited amount of futures the maximum short exposure of the fund is 100% of the fund's net asset value. Since the fund is a dedicated bearish fund it intends to keep the WIG20 short exposure 20%-40% of net asset value, depends on the strategy of the Fund Manager. To protect the capital, the Fund mainly invests in Polish treasury bills, government bonds and other debt securities. The Fund offers 90% capital protection for the first trading day of the year under special condition. The 90% capital protection is ensured by the investment policy of the Fund, it does not mean a full capital protection.

DISTRIBUTORS

Aegon Towarzystwo Ubezpieczen na Zycie Spolka

NET YIELD PERFORMANCE OF THE FUND:

Interval	Yield of note	Benchmark yield
From start	-0.56 %	
2016	-2.34 %	
2015	4.05 %	
2014	-1.86 %	
2013	-0.94 %	
2012	-5.06 %	
2011	3.77 %	
2010	-3.52 %	
2009	-6.50 %	
2008	15.32 %	

NET PERFORMANCE OF THE FUND

NET ASSET VALUE PER SHARE, 12/01/2016 - 11/30/2017



— Aegon Bessa Derivative Fund — Capital protection

Past performance is no guarantee of future results. This report should not be considered as an offer or investment advisory. The Fund Prospectus contains the detailed conditions of the investment. The distribution costs of the fund purchase can be found at the distributors

MARKET SUMMARY:

Overseas, the tax reform was in the limelight of the markets. At the beginning of the month, it was said that the start of the corporation tax cuts will be put off by 1 year and the Republican majority was also questionable, thus the American market has slumped somewhat. However, after the Senate accepted the draft of the tax reform, the market sentiment became better and the investors pulled the market to a new high level. In line with the expectations, Donald Trump has nominated Jerome Powell as the new chairman of the FED, it is expected that he will continue the current monetary policy. At the beginning of the month, the bank shares have plunged after the US yield curve continued to flatten, on the short side the interest rate rise, while on the long side the low inflation was priced in by the investors. At the end of the month, Powell highlighted that there is no need for further regulation of the financial sector and the existing rules should also be revised, it resulted a rise in the bank shares. There was a drop in the junk bond market in November, caused by the problems of the telecommunication companies, the accelerated outflow and the negative rumour of the issuance companies. In the month, North Korea has broken a two-month period of relative quiet by firing an intercontinental ballistic rocket.

November was a busy month in Europe, the German coalition talks has failed after the CDU/CSU could not agree with the Greens about several questions, but later Angela Merkel invited the German Social Democratic Party (SPD) to negotiate in the hope of forming a government. The first important Brexit agreement was born in November, according to the news, they agreed on the amount of the exit accounts, which could be somewhere between 45 and 55 billion Euros, the next critical issue is the question of the Irish / Northern Irish border.

The Euro strengthened against the Dollar in November, while the Euro was supported by the strong European PMI and the positive turn in the German coalition negotiations, the dollar's exchange rate was driven by expectations of interest rate hikes.

There was a little drop in the market of the energy sector, because the Norwegian national Fund could rid of their oil and gas related exposures to reduce their dependence of the sector. Despite this news, the crude oil has closed a positive month, after the oil reserves have fallen and Russia and the OPEC have extended the daily 1.8 million barrel oil production cuts by the end of 2018.

In the region, the Polish market was an underperformer in November, while within the market the small caps outperformed compared to the large caps. Regarding the sectors, the banking sector performed well, the performance of the retail sector was mixed, while the oil sector proved to be the weakest this month.

ASSET ALLOCATION OF THE FUND ON 11/30/2017

Asset type	Weight
Government bonds	50.83 %
T-bills	27.79 %
Current account	21.45 %
Liabilities	-0.10 %
Receivables	0.10 %
total	100,00 %
Derivative products	16.04 %
Net corrected leverage	116.58 %

TOP 5 POSITIONS

PLGB 2018/10/25 0% (Lengyel Állam)
 PLGB 2018/04/25 3,75% (Lengyel Állam)
 PLGB 2018/07/25 2,5% (Lengyel Állam)

Assets with over 10% weight

PLGB 2018/10/25 0% (Lengyel Állam)
 PLGB 2018/04/25 3,75% (Lengyel Állam)
 PLGB 2018/07/25 2,5% (Lengyel Állam)

RISK INDICATORS FOR THE LAST 12 MONTHS:

Annualized standard deviation of the fund's weekly yields: 2.65 %

INVESTMENT HORIZON:

Suggested minimum investment period:



Risk and Reward Profile:

