

Aegon Climate Change Equity Fund HUF series

GENERAL INFORMATION

Fund Manager:	AEGON Hungary Fund Manager Ltd.
Custodian:	Unicredit Bank Hungary Zrt.
Main distributor:	AEGON Hungary Fund Manager Ltd.
Benchmark composition:	95% Solactive Climate Change Index + 5% Euro Cash Indices LIBOR Total Return 1 Month
ISIN code:	HU0000707195
Start:	09/05/2008
Currency:	HUF
Total Net Asset Value of the whole Fund:	4,696,385 EUR
Net Asset Value of HUF series:	953,162,460 HUF
Net Asset Value per unit:	1.162667 HUF

INVESTMENT POLICY OF THE FUND:

The aim of the fund is to profit from the return on climate change-related equity market investments, through share price gains and dividend income. Given the risk profiles of the equity investments, the fund is classified as a high-risk investment. The fund manager's intentions are that the fund's portfolio should consist predominantly of the publicly traded shares of foreign-domiciled companies. The primary investment targets are the securities of companies that earn most of their revenues from exploiting the business opportunities arising from global climate change (environmental management, energy efficiency, clean technologies etc.), harnessing alternative resources (renewable energy, water management, agricultural chemistry etc.) and from agricultural activity (biotechnology, animal husbandry, fish farming, agricultural technology, etc.). When building the fund's portfolio, beyond the minimum statutory requirements, the principles of safety and maximum diversification (the spreading of risk) are observed. Accordingly, the fund primarily buys publicly issued foreign equities that are listed on foreign stock exchanges, and secondarily, it may also invest in shares issued by Hungarian companies. In order to achieve its aim, the fund can hold collective investment vehicles and ETFs in its portfolio. The fund management company, exercising all due care, determines the means of utilising the fund's resources on the basis of its own judgement and decisions, while observing the relevant legal provisions and the limitations stipulated in the Fund Documentation and by taking into account the macroeconomic environment of the investment markets, relying primarily on fundamental analysis. When compiling the portfolio, it is shares that determine the nature of the fund, and thus the proportion of shares that may be held in the fund at any given moment may reach the prevailing statutory maximum. The proportions, within the equity investments, of subsectors related to climate change, alternative energy sources and agricultural activity are determined so as to ensure that the fund - in line with our expectations with regard to future risks and yields - fulfils its objective, which is to outperform the thematic global sector index selected as the benchmark over the longer term. The fund records its assets in euro; the fund management company may, at its own discretion, choose to hedge all or a part of its currency risks with forward currency positions, in compliance with the applicable statutory requirements.

DISTRIBUTORS

Aegon Magyarország Befektetési Alapkezelő Zrt., CIB Bank Zrt., CONCORDE Értékpapír Zrt., Erste Befektetési Zrt., OTP Bank Nyrt., Raiffeisen Bank Zrt., SPB Befektetési Zrt., Takarékbank Zrt., Unicredit Bank Hungary Zrt.

NET YIELD PERFORMANCE OF THE SERIES:

Interval	Yield of note	Benchmark yield
From start	3.20 %	9.75 %
2016	-2.88 %	-0.97 %
2015	6.18 %	8.00 %
2014	23.34 %	25.80 %
2013	25.26 %	26.61 %
2012	2.71 %	2.87 %
2011	-18.65 %	4.95 %
2010	20.95 %	20.56 %
2009	27.24 %	31.06 %

RISK INDICATORS FOR THE LAST 12 MONTHS:

Annualized standard deviation of the fund's weekly yields: 9.48 %
Annualized standard deviation of the benchmark's weekly yields: 9.97 %

INVESTMENT HORIZON:

Suggested minimum investment period:

3 months
 6 months
 1 year
 2 years
 3 years
 4 years
 5 years

Risk and Reward Profile:

very low
 low
 moderate
 intermediate
 significant
 high
 very high

MARKET SUMMARY:

Thanks to the better-than-expected macro data the main US equity indices bounced back after a weak start in August. While the European main equity indices finished slightly below their last month closing price, the BUX reached its absolute peak this month.

The British government seems to be more permissive in case of Brexit and is willing to pay 40 billion Euros to the EU budget, furthermore would accept the European Court's indirect jurisdiction in several cases after leaving the EU. Based on a survey in August, Macron's popularity is decreasing; more than 55 percent of the voters are not satisfied with his performance, while this number was just 43 percent in July.

August was a busy month in the United States. Donald Trump announced that an inquiry is started regarding the Chinese violation of intellectual property, the wall will be built on the Mexican border and no agreement will be reached in the NAFTA case (North American Free Trade Agreement). In addition, the president dissolved two advisory boards and dismissed his strategic senior advisor. It is still a question whether political consensus can be achieved in case of the tax reform and the debt limit. According to the minutes of the FED's summit, reduction of the balance sheet is about to start in September, but the decision-makers are still divided in the question of raising interest rate due to the fact that inflation is regarded in different ways. The North-Korean conflict increased in August because of the threat of a rocket attack against Guam; a new rocket was launched that hit the Pacific Ocean flying over Japan. As a result of the increasing geopolitical tension, investors become more risk-averse as a result, the price of gold reached a 10-month peak.

Along with gold, other precious metal's price went up to in August: silver reached its June rate, platinum its March rate and palladium its 2001 rate.

The oil price deteriorated in August due to the higher-than-planned OPEC output, the profit realisation and the lack of the oil demand because of hurricane Harvey.

The Norwegian national Fund is about to raise its weight of the equities, from 60 to 70 percent, becoming one of the most significant market participants of the global equity market.

In August, the best result was achieved by the utility sector, while the waste proved to be the weakest sector. The other sectors were characterized by a decrease after the initial increase but they closed at flat by the end of the month.

ASSET ALLOCATION OF THE FUND ON 08/31/2017

Asset type	Weight
International equities	96.41 %
Current account	3.34 %
Receivables	0.47 %
Liabilities	-0.17 %
total	100.00 %
Derivative products	0.00 %
Net corrected leverage	100.00 %

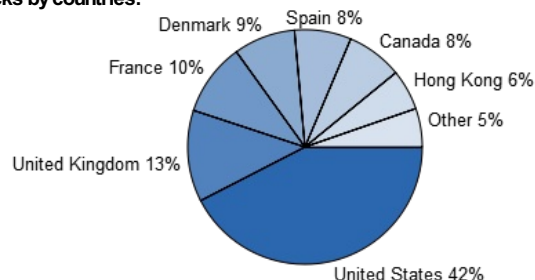
TOP 5 POSITIONS

Iberdrola Sa
ENGIE
Waste Management
Monsanto Co
ARCHER-DANIELS-MIDLAND

Assets with over 10% weight

There is no such instrument in the portfolio

Stocks by countries:



NET PERFORMANCE OF THE SERIES

NET ASSET VALUE PER SHARE, 09/01/2016 - 08/31/2017



— Aegon Climate Change Equity Fund HUF series — Benchmark

Past performance is no guarantee of future results. This report should not be considered as an offer or investment advisory. The Fund Prospectus contains the detailed conditions of the investment. The distribution costs of the fund purchase can be found at the distributors.