

# Aegon International Bond Fund

## GENERAL INFORMATION

Fund Manager:	AEGON Hungary Fund Manager Ltd.
Custodian:	Citibank Europe plc Magyarországi Fióktelepe
Main distributor:	AEGON Hungary Fund Manager Ltd.
Benchmark composition:	80% Merrill Lynch Global Government Bond Index II ex-Japan USD (total return) + 20% ZMAX Index
ISIN code:	HU0000702477
Start:	04/21/1999
Currency:	HUF
Total Net Asset Value of the whole Fund:	1,456,472,145 HUF
Net Asset Value of HUF series:	1,456,472,145 HUF
Net Asset Value per unit:	1.924300 HUF

## INVESTMENT POLICY OF THE FUND:

The fund aims to create an explicitly defensive investment portfolio for its investors, and typically invests in developed-market government bonds, and related exchange-traded derivative transactions, in the interest of achieving the highest possible return with the assumption of currency risk. The fund primarily aims for a portfolio consisting of the publicly issued bonds of foreign governments and foreign-domiciled companies. When building the fund's portfolio, beyond the minimum statutory requirements, the principles of safety and maximum diversification (the spreading of risk) are observed. Accordingly, when purchasing international securities the fund only selects publicly issued securities that are listed on foreign stock exchanges. The proportion of non-investment-grade securities is maintained at a low level, and if the planned ratio is overstepped due to the downgrading of a given issuer the fund restores it under the conditions stipulated by the relevant legal provisions. The fund management company, exercising all due care, based on its own judgement and decisions, and while observing the relevant legal provisions and the limitations stipulated in the Fund Documentation, determines the means of utilising the fund's resources, and the weights of the various investments within the portfolio, with a view to ensuring that the fund in line with our expectations with regard to future risks and returns - achieves its objective in the long term. In the course of its operation, however, the fund is managed on the premise that when compiling the portfolio, it is bonds that determine the nature of the fund. Accordingly, the proportion of bonds that may be kept in the fund at any given moment may reach the prevailing statutory maximum. When compiling the bond portfolio, taking into account the macroeconomic environment of the investment markets, the aim is to build up a long-term investment portfolio primarily on the basis of fundamental analyses. To ensure liquidity, the fund may purchase Hungarian government securities (primarily discount treasury bills) and MNB bonds; however, in accordance with the current statutory regulations the proportion of foreign bonds in the portfolio may be up to 100%. The fund management company is permitted, at its own discretion, to hedge all or a part of its currency risks with forward currency positions, in compliance with the statutory conditions.

## DISTRIBUTORS

Aegon Magyarország Befektetési Alapkezelő Zrt., CIB Bank Zrt., Codex Tőzsdeügynökség és Értéktár Zrt., CONCORDE Értékpapír Zrt., Equilor Befektetési Zrt, Erste Befektetési Zrt., Raiffeisen Bank Zrt., SPB Befektetési Zrt., Takarékbank Zrt, Unicredit Bank Hungary Zrt.

## NET PERFORMANCE OF THE SERIES

NET ASSET VALUE PER SHARE, 07/01/2016 - 06/30/2017



— Aegon International Bond Fund — Benchmark

Past performance is no guarantee of future results. This report should not be considered as an offer or investment advisory. The Fund Prospectus contains the detailed conditions of the investment. The distribution costs of the fund purchase can be found at the distributors.

## RISK INDICATORS FOR THE LAST 12 MONTHS:

Annualized standard deviation of the fund's weekly yields: 5.54 %  
Annualized standard deviation of the benchmark's weekly yields: 4.92 %

## INVESTMENT HORIZON:

Suggested minimum investment period:



Risk and Reward Profile:



## MARKET SUMMARY:

Markets have had a few themes to contend with. The first was the sharp decline in the price of Oil and the second was the big spike in volatility - particularly for rates - in the last week of the month following a chorus of hawkish central bank speak. ECB president Draghi outlined that as the European economy continues to recover monetary policy needs to adjust the parameters of its policy instruments to keep its stance broadly unchanged. The market took this comment as rather hawkish and even the following ECB comments that meant to adjust the market's perception of the speech was unable to stop the re-pricing of the bonds in a sustainable way. The 10-year German government bond's yield rose by 16 basispoints, but surprisingly periphery bonds remained quite resilient comparing to the German papers. We sold some Slovenian and UK government bonds in the portfolio.

## ASSET ALLOCATION OF THE FUND ON 06/30/2017

Asset type	Weight
Government bonds	71.20 %
Corporate bonds	11.32 %
T-bills	1.51 %
Receivables	11.00 %
Current account	5.21 %
Liabilities	-0.23 %
total	100.00 %
Derivative products	43.67 %
Net corrected leverage	123.97 %

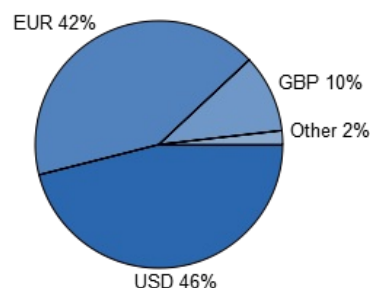
## TOP 5 POSITIONS

USGB 2042/02 3,125% (Amerikai Egyesült Államok)
USGB 2022/08 1,625% (Amerikai Egyesült Államok)
SPGB 2018/10/31 3,75% (Spanyol Állam)
UKGB 2025/03 5% (Egyesült Királyság)
USGB 2031/02 5,375% (Amerikai Egyesült Államok)

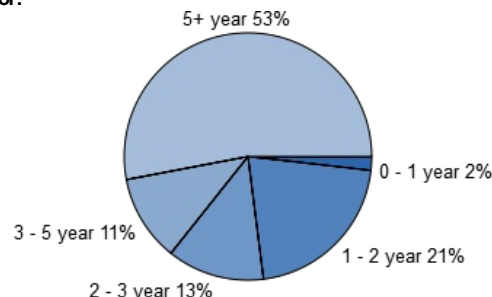
## Assets with over 10% weight

USGB 2042/02 3,125% (Amerikai Egyesült Államok)
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## Currency exposure:



## Bonds by tenor:



## NET YIELD PERFORMANCE OF THE SERIES:

Interval	Yield of note	Benchmark yield
From start	3.66 %	4.34 %
2016	1.07 %	2.24 %
2015	3.72 %	4.09 %
2014	21.94 %	22.76 %
2013	-3.51 %	-4.21 %
2012	-2.48 %	-3.23 %
2011	19.06 %	17.60 %
2010	6.45 %	10.65 %
2009	3.56 %	-0.17 %
2008	7.24 %	15.18 %
2007	-0.05 %	-5.61 %