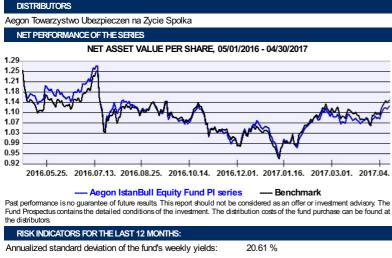
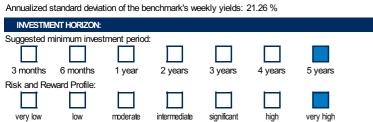
Aegon IstanBull Equity Fund PI series

| GENERAL INFORMATION | |
|--|--|
| Fund Manager: | AEGON Hungary Fund Manager Ltd. |
| Custodian: | Citibank Europe plc Magyarországi Fióktelepe |
| Main distributor: | AEGON Hungary Fund Manager Ltd. |
| Benchmark composition: | 95% TR20I Index + 5% ZMAX Index |
| ISIN code: | HU0000713151 |
| Start: | 12/30/2013 |
| Currency: | PLN |
| Total Net Asset Value of the whole Fund: | 4,041,705,430 HUF |
| Net Asset Value of PI series: | 121,834 PLN |
| Net Asset Value per unit: | 1.126459 PLN |
| | |

INVESTMENT POLICY OF THE FUND:

The fund aims to share in the yields of the Turkish equity market, and to profit from Turkey's economic growth through share price gains and dividend income. Given the risk profiles of the equity investments. the fund is classified as a high-risk investment. The fund manager's intentions are that the fund's portfolio should consist predominantly of the publicly traded shares of foreign-domiciled companies. The primary investment targets are the stock exchange-traded shares of companies that maintain an active presence in Turkey, or that generate a substantial proportion of their revenues in the Turkish market. When building the fund's portfolio, beyond the minimum statutory requirements, the principles of safety and maximum diversification (the spreading of risk) are observed. The fund management company, exercising all due care, determines the means of utilising the fund's resources on the basis of its own judgement and decisions, while observing the relevant legal provisions and the limitations stipulated in the Fund Documentation and by taking into account the macroeconomic environment of the investment markets, relying primarily on fundamental analysis. When compiling the portfolio, it is shares that determine the nature of the fund, and thus the proportion of shares that may be held in the fund at any given moment may reach the prevailing statutory maximum. When determining the weights, within the equity investments, of shares traded in the Turkish market, we aim to ensure that the fund - in line with our expectations with regard to future risks and yields - achieves its objective, which is to outperform the benchmark advertised by the fund, over the longer term. The fund records its assets in forint; the fund management company may, at its own discretion, choose to hedge all or a part of its currency risks with forward currency positions, in compliance with the applicable statutory requirements. Under the current legislation the proportion of shares in the portfolio may be up to 100%.





MARKET SUMMARY:

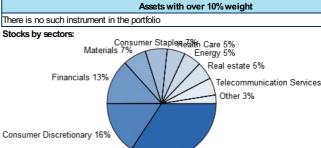
Main equity indices finished slightly above their last month closing prices in April thanks to the result of the French presidential election and the announcement of Trump's tax reform. In the beginning of April investors built defensive portfolios as several risks kept market participants in suspense. Intensifying North Korean and Syrian tensions, decaying US-Russian relationship, uncertainties around the timeline of Trump's tax plan and the precarious outcome of the French election made investors cautious. By the end of the month equity indices bounced back as US tax reform was unveiled and the result of the first round of the French election was favorable. Also, strong macro environment and better-than-expected corporate earnings supported the market increase. At the end of April Trump announced the main points of the long-awaited tax plan, which was welcomed by the market. However, many members of the Congress oppose against the plan as it is not clear how the government wants to raise revenues to avoid mounting debt. Centrist Emmanuel Macron and far-right populist Marine Le Pen advanced into the second round of the French presidential election, where polls suggest that Macron is the clear favorite. For this reason, European cyclical stocks surged in April, in which the financial sector was the top performing industry, as besides the improving economic growth, political risks also decrease in the region. British PM Theresa May called for a snap general election in Great Britain that will take place in June. As a consequence, the pound appreciated dramatically. Analysts believe that British government will have more room for manoeuvre in the Brexit negotiations. Due to the appreciation of pound, stock prices of export companies in the basic material sector have plunged, negatively affecting the whole British stock market. As a result of increasing geopolitical tensions, investors bought oil in the beginning of the month, but oil prices finished below their last month closing values because of rising US oil supplies.

The fund kept its equity exposure similar to the reference index during the month, in which banks were held UW due to high credit loss risks.

| ASSET ALLOCATION OF THE FUND ON 04/30/2017 | | |
|--|----------|--|
| Asset type | Weight | |
| International equities | 93.27 % | |
| Current account | 6.88 % | |
| Liabilities | -6.72 % | |
| Receivables | 6.58 % | |
| total | 100,00 % | |
| Derivative products | 0.00 % | |
| Net corrected leverage | 100.00 % | |
| TOP 5 POSITIONS | | |
| HACI OMER SABANCI HOLDING | | |
| Turk Hava Yollari | | |
| PETKIM PETROKIMYA HOLDING SA | | |

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| Interval | Yield of note | Benchmark yield |
|------------|---------------|-----------------|
| From start | 3.64 % | 3.07 % |
| 2016 | -2.04 % | -0.48 % |
| 2015 | -21.97 % | -25.44 % |
| 2014 | 36.87 % | 34.30 % |

Industrials 34%



