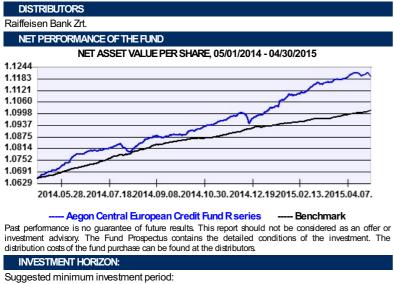
EGON

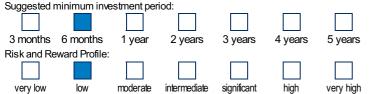
Aegon Central European Credit Fund **R** series

GENERAL INFORMATION

Fund Manager:	AEGON Hungary Fund Manager Ltd.
Custodian:	Citibank Europe plc Magyarországi Fióktelepe
Main distributor:	AEGON Hungary Fund Manager Ltd.
Benchmark composition:	100% RMAX Index + 1%
ISIN code:	HU0000712260
Start:	07/16/2013
Currency:	HUF
Total Net Asset Value of the whole Fund:	26,371,104,193 HUF
Net Asset Value of R series:	1,325,637,765 HUF
Net Asset Value per unit:	1.119560 HUF
INVESTMENT POLICY OF THE FUND:	

The fund's investment objective is to provide investors with a higher return than that attainable in the domestic money market, primarily by investing in the bond market of the Central and Eastern European region. The fund's bond investments are mainly concentrated in the corporate and mortgage bond markets, but government securities issued in foreign currency are also potential investment targets. Forint-denominated Hungarian government securities are only held for liquidity management purposes. The fund may also buy into other investment funds that invest in the above markets. The achievement of a higher return than would be attainable in the Hungarian government securities market is made possible by the better diversification, the additional yield from the premiums of the bonds, and, in a favourable market environment, by the price gains resulting from the narrowing of the premiums. The fund's general risk level and the asset allocation between the three main areas of investment is determined on the basis of a regular market analysis and situational analysis relating to four main aspects (fundamentals, valuation levels, market sentiment, technical factors). The in-depth analysis is also an important factor in the selection of the individual securities by region, sector and interest risk. In the course of selecting the individual securities, a thorough financial analysis is also essential to determine the creditworthiness of the issuer. Risk management and the regular monitoring of the issuers are of key importance to the fund. When compiling the fund's portfolio we aim to achieve a moderate risk profile, primarily purchasing investment-grade securities. The fund only buys lower-rated instruments in limited proportions. The fund may only conclude derivative transactions for the purpose of hedging or ensuring an efficient portfolio structure. The fund may also hold unleveraged collective investments linked to derivative indexes. The fund also has the option of taking on a substantial currency exposure, which will ordinarily be fully hedged, although depending on market circumstances the fund may even have an open currency position. The fund management company, exercising all due care, based on its own judgement and decisions, and while observing the relevant legal provisions and the limitations stipulated in the Fund Documentation, determines the means of utilising the fund's resources, and the weights of the various investments within the portfolio, with a view to ensuring that the fund - in line with our expectations with regard to future risks and returns - achieves its objective in the long term





MARKET SUMMARY:

April did not bring any development in the Greek-saga: Syriza, the leading Greek party could not come to a common ground with the IMF on the question of further fiscal austerity, which would be the prerequisite of the next trench of the bail-out money. After the conference of EU finance ministers in Riga, Yanis Varoufakis was at the cross-hairs of much criticism which lead Alexis Tsipras to replace the Greek finance minister. Even though that the replacement was an obvious sign of the effort from Greece, negotiations remained stalled. Meanwhile, disappointing labour market data emerged from the USA, which drove the 10-year government bond down by 10 basispoints. Oil was able to increase in the months, Brent was up by 14,8%, while WTI increased by 15,2%. The developments on the developed markets and recent surge in the price of energy have supported emerging market bonds. The yield spread in US dollar denominated sovereign bonds has decreased by 36 basispoints, while corporate bond spreads tightened by 31 basispoints.

We increased our Spanish exposure slightly and we also participated in the new euro denominated issuance of a Mexican oil company.

ASSET ALLOCATION OF THE FUND ON 04/30/2015

Asset type	Weight	
Corporate bonds	46.62 %	
Government bonds	33.12 %	
T-bills	11.14 %	
Mortgage debentures	3.37 %	
Repos	6.71 %	
Liabilities	-3.16 %	
Current account	1.12 %	
Market value of open derivative positions	0.98 %	
Receivables	0.10 %	
total	100,00 %	
Derivative products	74.38 %	
Net corrected leverage	103.36 %	
TOP 3 POSITIONS		

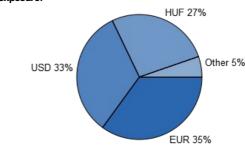
MOL 2017/04/20 5,875% (MOL Nyrt.)

MFB 2020/10 6,25% USD (Magyar Fejlesztési Bank Zrt.) MOL 2019/09/26 6,25% USD (MOL Group Finance SA)

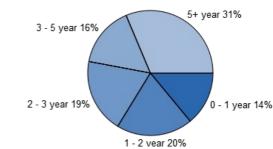
Assets with over 10% weight

There is no such instrument in the portfolio

Currency exposure:



Bonds by tenor:



NET YIELD PERFORMANCE OF THE FUND:

-		
Interval	Yield of note	Benchmark yield
From start	6.52 %	4.45 %
2014	5.74 %	4.34 %

RISK INDICATORS FOR THE LAST 12 MONTHS

Annualized standard deviation of the fund's weekly yields: 0.85 % Annualized standard deviation of the benchmark's weekly yields: 0.28 %

