

# **AEGON CENTRAL EUROPEAN**

**BOND FUND** 

## GENERAL INFORMATION

ISIN code: HU-0000705256

**Bloomberg code:** AEGEMMA HB Equity

Fund Manager: AEGON Magyarország Befektetési Alapkezelő Zrt.

Custodian: UniCredit Bank Hungary Zrt.

Main distributor: AEGON Magyarország Befektetési Jegy Forgalmazó Zrt.

Launch Date of the Fund: 2007.05.11

**Currency: HUF** 

**Benchmark:** 50% EFFAS Poland Liquid All > 1YR Index + 30% EFFAS Hungary Liquid All >1YR Index + 20% EFFAS Chech Republic Liquid All

> 1 YR Index

Net Asset Value (HUF): 560 053 106 Net Asset Value per share: 1.092317

#### DISTRIBUTORS

AEGON Magyarország Befektetési Jegy Forgalmazó Zrt.

BNP Paribas Magyarországi Fióktelepe

CIB Bank Zrt.

Codex Értéktár és Értékpapír Zrt.

Commerzbank Zrt.

Concorde Értékpapír Zrt.

Equilor Befektetési Zrt.

ERSTE Befektetési Zrt.

Raiffeisen Bank Zrt.

Magyar Takarékszövetkezeti Bank Zrt.

UniCredit Bank Hungary Zrt.

## **INVESTMENT POLICY OF THE FUND**

The AEGON Hungary Fund Management Co. launched the AEGON Central-European Bond Fund, so that potential investors could profit from those countries' bond markets which offer high-yields. Although these countries are developing ones, their macroeconomic background is stable and they are on a growth path. The anticipatory yield of the Fund is higher than the yield of a domestic bond fund, but the risk is also a bit bigger. A high yield, or "junk bond" is a bond issued by a country or a company that is considered to have higher credit risks. The credit rating of a high yield bond is considered "speculative grade", or below "investment grade". This means that the chance of default with high yield bonds is higher than for other bonds. Their higher credit risk means that "junk bond" yields are higher than bonds of better credit quality. Studies have demonstrated that portfolios of high yield bonds have higher returns than other bond portfolios, suggesting that the higher yields more than compensate for their additional default risk. The investment possibilities of the Fund are very wide, so the portfolio manager has a widespread financial leeway to build up an optimal portfolio. We target the utmost yield by taking the lowest risk. By taking investment decisions we use fundamental and technical analysis, and we certainly keep an eye on the market sentiment. Our investment decisions are supported by a special investment-planning model, which contains important macroeconomical data and indicators, like the anticipated level of inflation in these countries, their GDP growth, their credit ratings and so on. The portfolio manager generates a so-called risk – yield map, by focusing on the anticipated macroeconomic environment, the anticipated yield curve, and the above-mentioned model. Ultimately, the map demonstrates which risk-yield pairs are considered to be safe and offer relatively high yields at the same time.

INVESTMENT HORIZON:						
Suggested mini	mum investme	ent period				
3 months Risc Scale	1 year	2 years	3 years	5 years		
very low		moderate		high		

THE ASSET ALLOCATION OF THE FUND	31. 03. 2011.
Hungarian T-bills	0.00%
Hungarian Government Bonds	20.38%
International Bonds	70.16%
Other assets	0.01%
Government paper repo	9.26%
Current account	0.29%
Liabilities	0.00%
Receivables	0.11%
Total investment assets	100.00%
Net corrected leverage	100.09%
Derivative products	3.57%

### **MARKET SUMMARY**

Our fund some sustained a loss in March, owing mainly to the sharp fall in the PLNHUF exchange rate. Having been the one of the top EM picks until January, the PLN fell out of investors' favour in recent weeks. International began rotating away from the Polish market into Hungarian assets, which resulted in losses in the previously overweighted PLN. Fundamentals seem to validate this negative sentiment toward Poland given the central bank's reluctance to deliver what appear to be necessary rate hikes, a poor fiscal story and the enormous errors and omissions item in the balance of payments. This outflow from Poland and also the successful placement of 3.75bn USD worth of Eurobonds gave a further boost to demand for Hungary assets, which once again compensated for part of the losses coming from our Polish exposure. The Czech market was quiet in March.

NET YIELD PERFORMANCE OF THE FUND:							
Time horizon	12 months*	2010 year	2009 year	2008 year			
Net return of the Fund*	2.06%	11.80%	16.47%	-16.10%			
Benchmark performance**	0.13%	12.03%	26.35%	-3.70%			

- \* It shows the net performance of the fund until 31/03/11
- The Fund was launched on 11/05/07

  \*\* The net return of the benchmark index



Past performance is no guarantee of future results. This report should not be considered as an offer or investment advisory. The Fund Prospectus contains the detailed conditions of the investment. The distribution costs of the fund purchase can be found at the distributors.