

AEGON EMMA EMERGING MARKETS

BOND FUND

GENERAL INFORMATION

ISIN code: HU-0000705256
Bloomberg code: AEGEMMA HB Equity
Fund Manager: AEGON Magyarország Befektetési Alapkezelő Zrt.
Custodian: UniCredit Bank Hungary Zrt.
Main distributor: AEGON Magyarország Befektetési Jegy Forgalmazó Zrt.
Distributors: CIB Bank Zrt.; Codex Értéktár és Értékpapír Zrt.; Equilor Befektetési Zrt.; ERSTE Befektetési Zrt.; UniCredit Bank Hungary Zrt.; Raiffeisen Bank Zrt.; Magyar Takarékszövetkezeti Bank Zrt.; BNP Paribas Magyarországi Fióktelepe; Commerzbank Zrt.; Concorde Értékpapír Zrt.
Launch Date of the Fund: 11.05.2007
Currency: HUF
Benchmark: 100% JP Morgan Global Emerging Market Bond Index
Net Asset Value (HUF): 356 081 900
Net Asset Value per share: 0.974767

Investment Policy of the Fund:

The AEGON Fund Management Co. launched the AEGON EMMA Emerging Markets Bond Fund, so potential investors could profit from the high-yield environment of those developing countries in which the fund invests. Although these countries are developing ones, but their macroeconomic background is stable, and they are on a growth path. The anticipatory yield of the Fund is higher than the yield of a domestic bond fund, but the risk is also a bit bigger. A high yield, or "junk bond" is a bond issued by a country or a company that is considered to have higher credit risks. The credit rating of a high yield bond is considered "speculative grade", or below "investment grade". This means that the chance of default with high yield bonds is higher than for other bonds. Their higher credit risk means that "junk bond" yields are higher than bonds of better credit quality. Studies have demonstrated that portfolios of high yield bonds have higher returns than other bond portfolios, suggesting that the higher yields more than compensate for their additional default risk. The investment possibilities of the Fund are very wide, so the portfolio manager has a widespread financial leeway to build up an optimal portfolio. We target the utmost yield by taking the lowest risk. By taking investment decisions we use fundamental and technical analysis, and we certainly keep an eye on the market sentiment as well. Our investment decisions are supported by a special investment-planning model, which is filled up with all the important macroeconomic data and indicators, like the anticipated level of inflation in these countries, their GDP growth, their credit ratings and so on. The portfolio manager generates a so-called risk - yield map, by focusing on the anticipated macroeconomic environment, the anticipated yield curve, and the above-mentioned model. When the map is ready, those risk-yield pairs will be chosen out which are considered to be safe and offer relative high yield at the same time.

Investment horizon:

Suggested minimum investment period



3 months



1 year



2 years



3 years



5 years

Risk Scale



very low



moderate



high

Market Summary:

The portfolio is still defined by its exposure to the Hungarian and Czech bond market. The Czech market did not move despite serious concerns among the investors about the following year's fiscal budget: Tensions became stronger in the provisional government and advance elections cannot be organized due to a ruling of the constitutional court. The parliament finally accepted the budgetary

The asset allocation of the Fund, 30.09.2009

Hungarian T-bills	19.79%
Hungarian Government Bonds	42.93%
International Bonds	0.00%
Government paper repo	11.70%
Current account	1.49%
Other assets	23.99%
Total investment assets	100.00%
Net corrected leverage	12.71%
Derivative products	30.24%

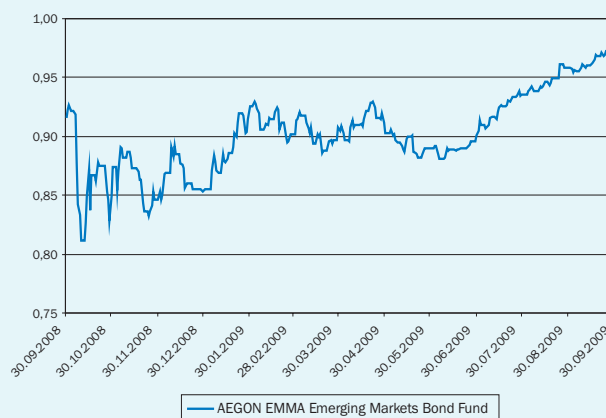
restraints and the situation in the Czech Republic stabilized again. On the Hungarian debt market it is still the the rate cut cycle which is dominant within an advantageous external environment. In regard of the incoming data on inflation, price stability as the key objective is no obstacle to rate cuts. The sentiment is characterized by several analyses by London's banks, which appreciate the domestic fiscal rigor in regional comparison. Further, they classify Hungary to have the biggest chance to be the first to introduce the Euro in the region. In the favorable flow of news, bonds performed well even without greater demand from foreign investors. Although the Hungarian Central Bank follows a conservative strategy, a key rate much lower than currently expected could be priced in during the following months, due to the large accumulation in Forint-liquidity. Consequently, we stay optimistic regarding the domestic bond market.

NET Yield Performance of the Fund:

Time horizon	12 months*	2008 year
Net return of the Fund*	6.42%	-16.10%
Benchmark performance**	27.77%	-3.70%

* It shows the net performance of the fund until 30/09/09
The Fund was launched on 11/05/07
** The net return of the benchmark index.

THE NET PERFORMANCE OF THE FUND BASED ON THE NET ASSET VALUE PER SHARE



Past performance is no guarantee of future results. This report should not be considered as an offer or investment advisory. The Fund Prospectus contains the detailed conditions of the investment. The distribution costs of the fund purchase can be found at the distributors.